BMACHO 2023 CONFERENCE SPRINGWOOD SPORTS CLUB The Ian Jack Memorial Lecture 2023



Katoomba's Tramway System

Did you know that the word "Tram" comes from the Scottish word for a coal skip?

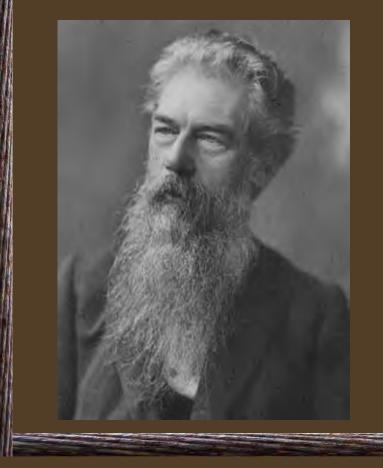
> Photo Credits: P. Hammon, Mitchell Library, Macleay Museum, Mining Museum, Powerhouse Museum, State Archives, Leonie Knapman, Y. Meyers, B.M. Historical Society, Philip Pells.



J. B. North's dual reversible incline 1883.



Incline and Tramway designed by Norman Selfe.







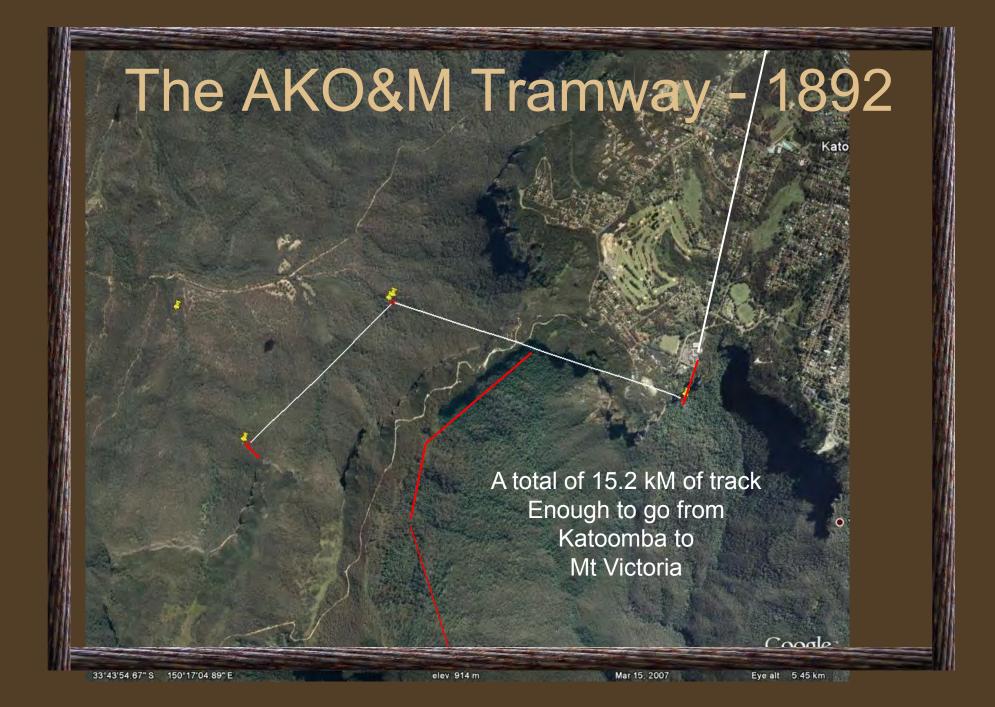


The tramway now connected the Glen Shale Mines in Megalong and the Ruin Castle Shale mine to the base of the Katoomba Colliery incline

Mar 15, 2007

33°43'54.67" S 150°17'04.89" E

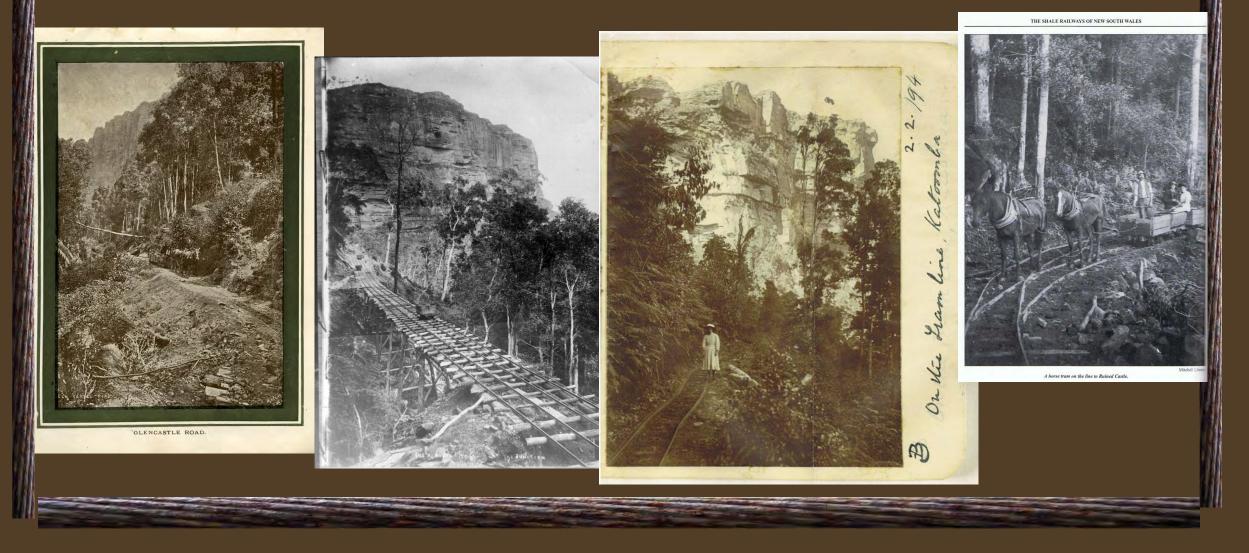
elev 914 m



We only have two photos of the Shoots Tramway, one at the Southern end and one near today's Ashlar Road which includes Hogan's Bridge.



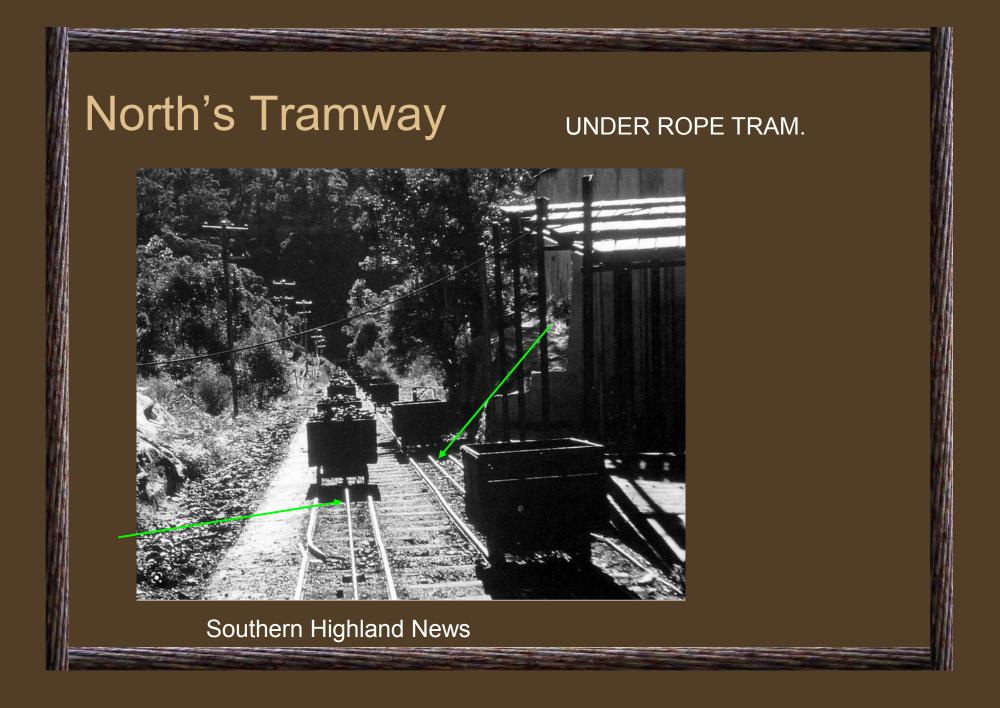
And we have four photos of the Tramways in the Valley.



Nothing has been published about the operation of these Tramways. They were not a "set and forget" operation transferring loaded skips from the coal face to the NSWGR railway siding. The incline was sandwiched between tramways at either end. The final system was a result of many upgrades and technological change over 20 years.

WHY CHOOSE AN

OVERROPE TRAMWAY?



KATOOMBA COAL MINE TRAMWAY PROFILE



Stuarts Rd. 979M

Suspension Bridge 950M

Wellington Rd. 994M

Farnells Rd. 987M

RFS access Rd. 1003M

Catalina Ck. 999M

The Shoots 1042M



The position had to be carefully judged so that the weight of the skip pulled the grips down below the roller as it passed under, but the rope ran on the roller at other times.. because the ropes were still capable of lifting the skips off the rails.





Airly shale tramway

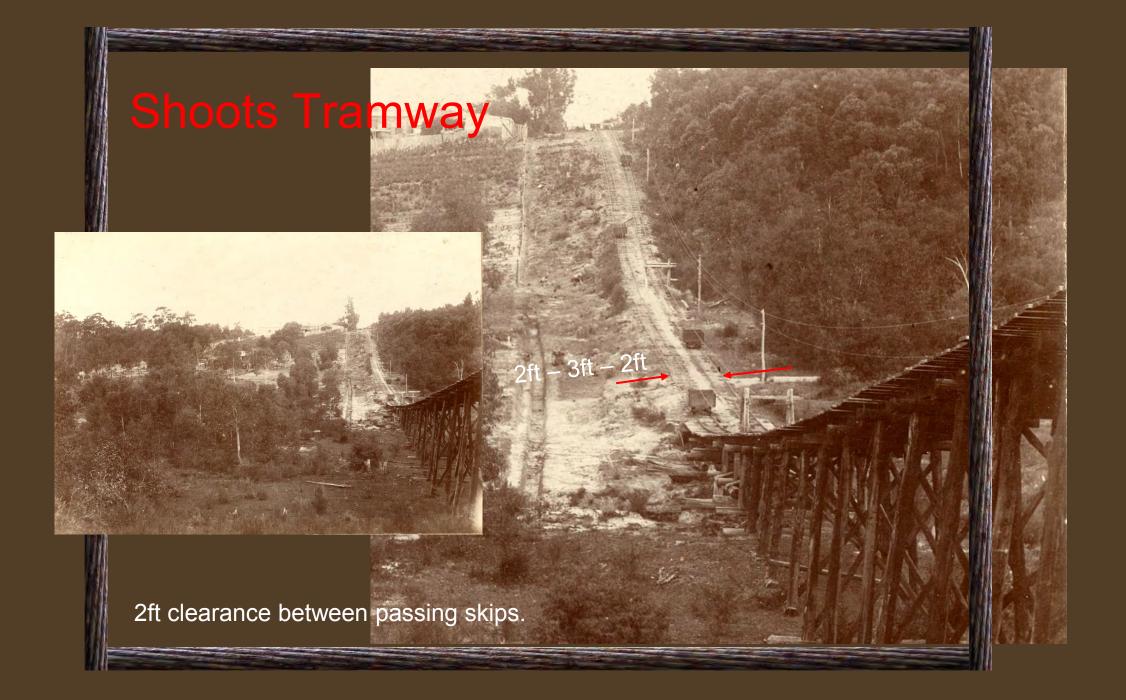
These are "S" clips much safer that snaffle chains



Shoots Tramway Skip Dimensions

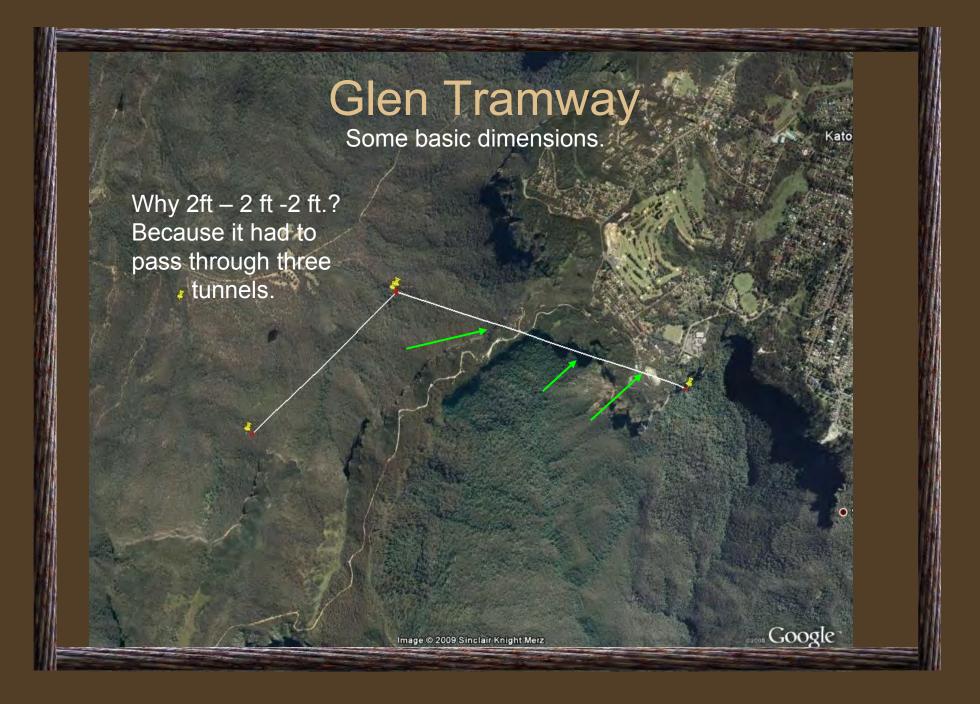


2ft gauge 3ft wide 2ft high 4ft long 24 cu ft ½ ton coal







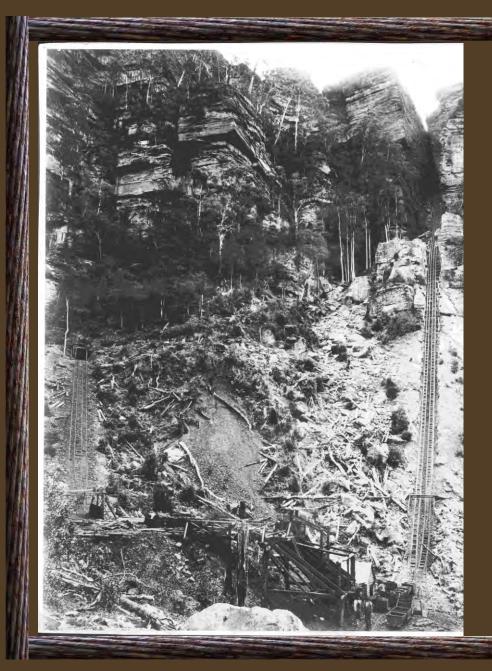


Some basic dimensions.

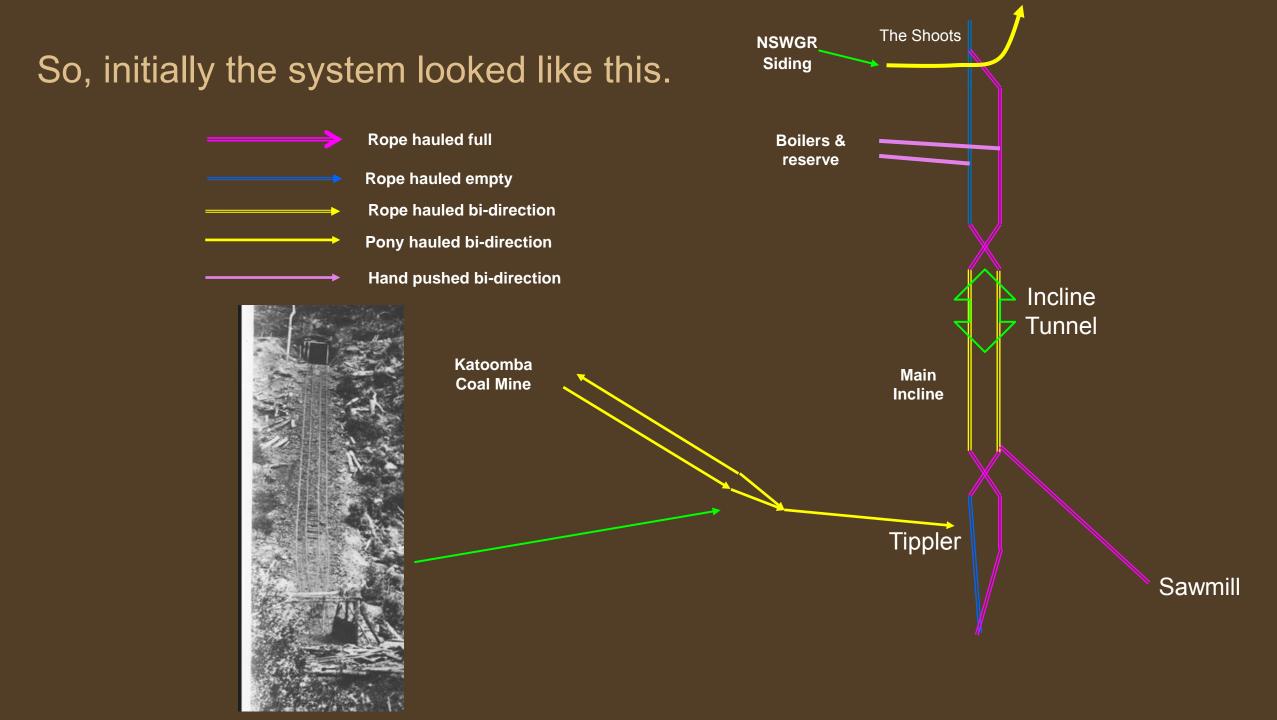
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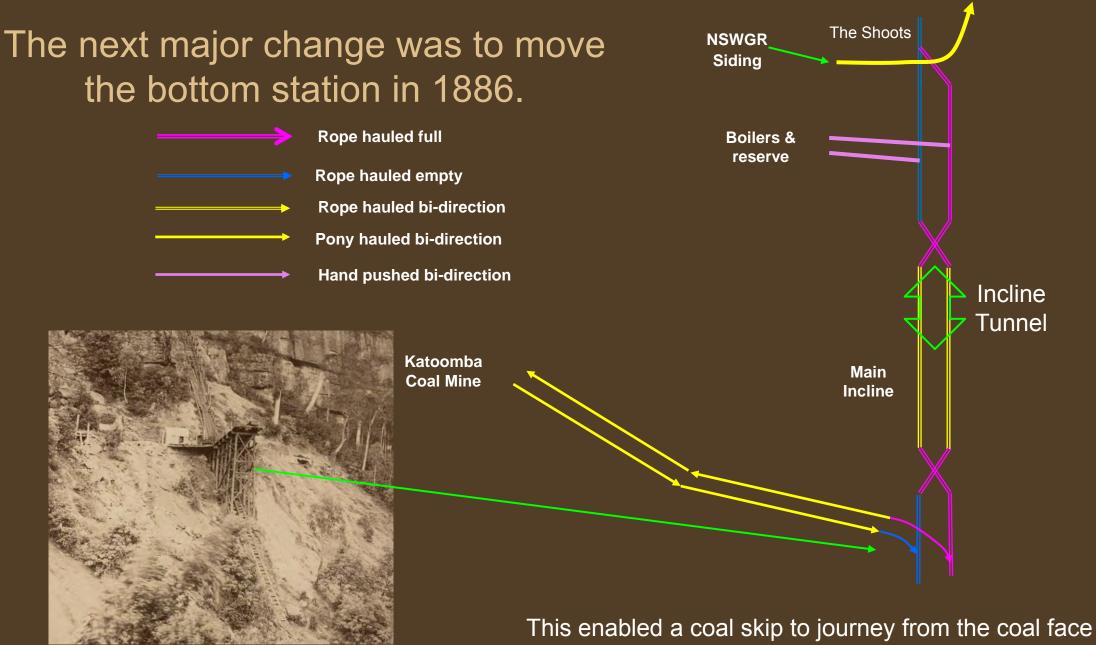
Google

Image © 2009 Sinclair Knight Merz



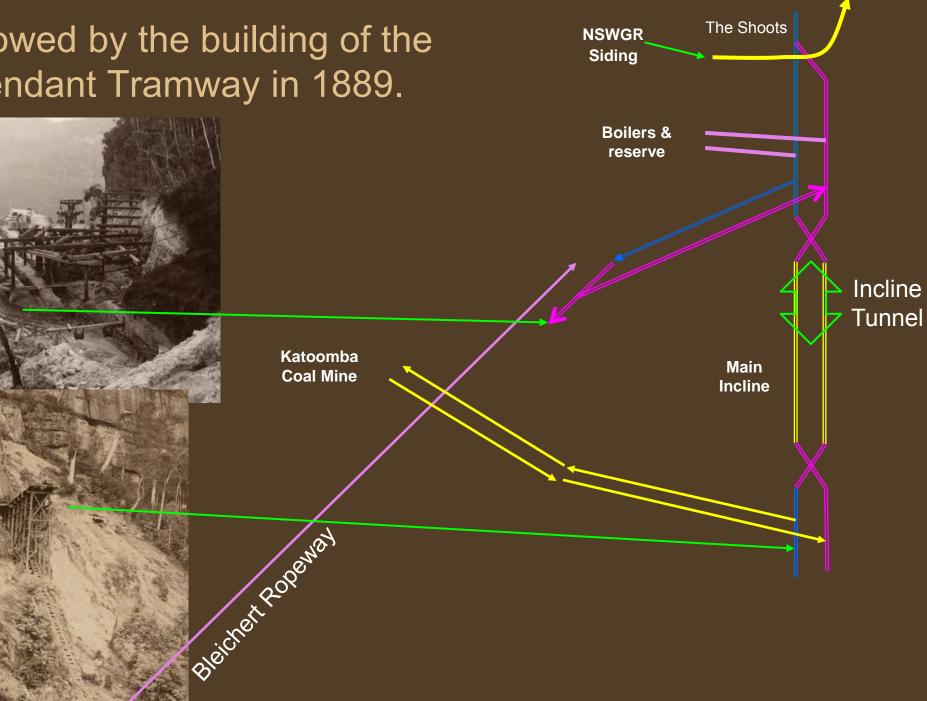
Let me introduce you to my schematic of the Katoomba Colliery Tramway system and take you down the timeline.....



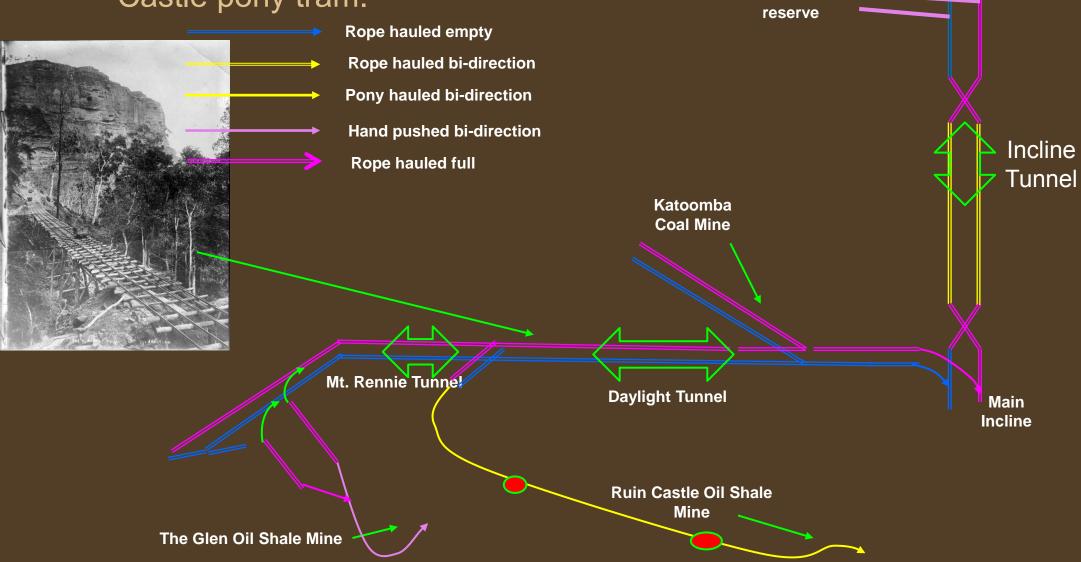


to the Shoots.

Followed by the building of the Pendant Tramway in 1889.



The next major change was in 1892 when the Glen Shale Mine was opened as was the Ruin Castle pony tram.



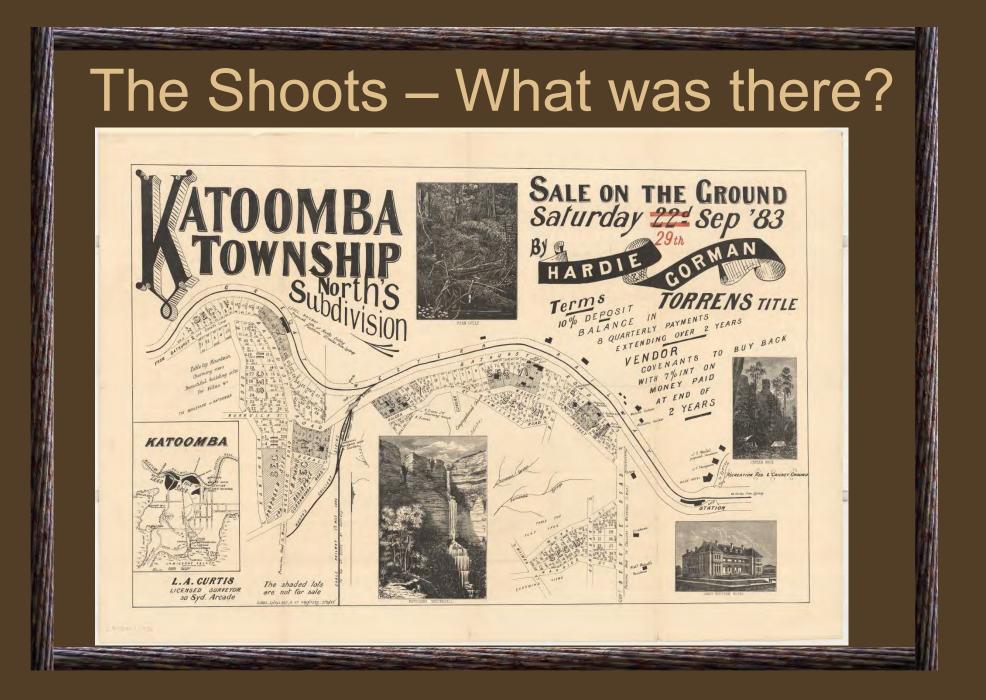
The Shoots

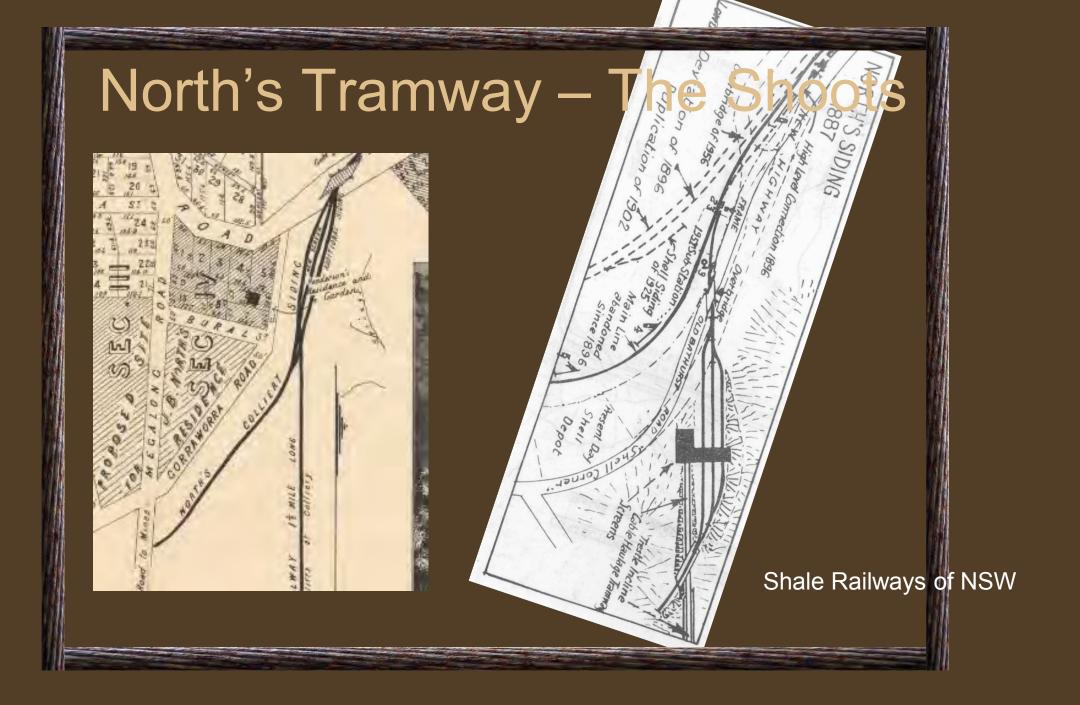
NSWGR

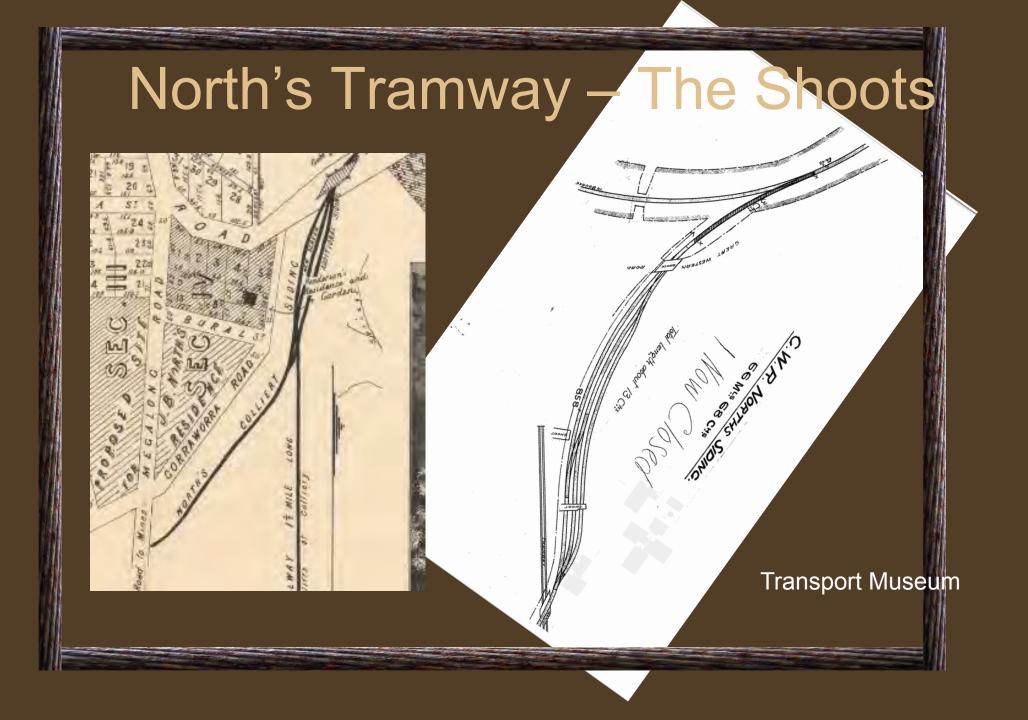
Siding

Boilers &

So, in order to understand how all this worked, some archaeological work had to take place.



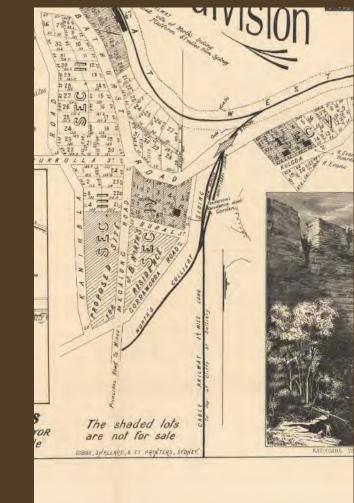




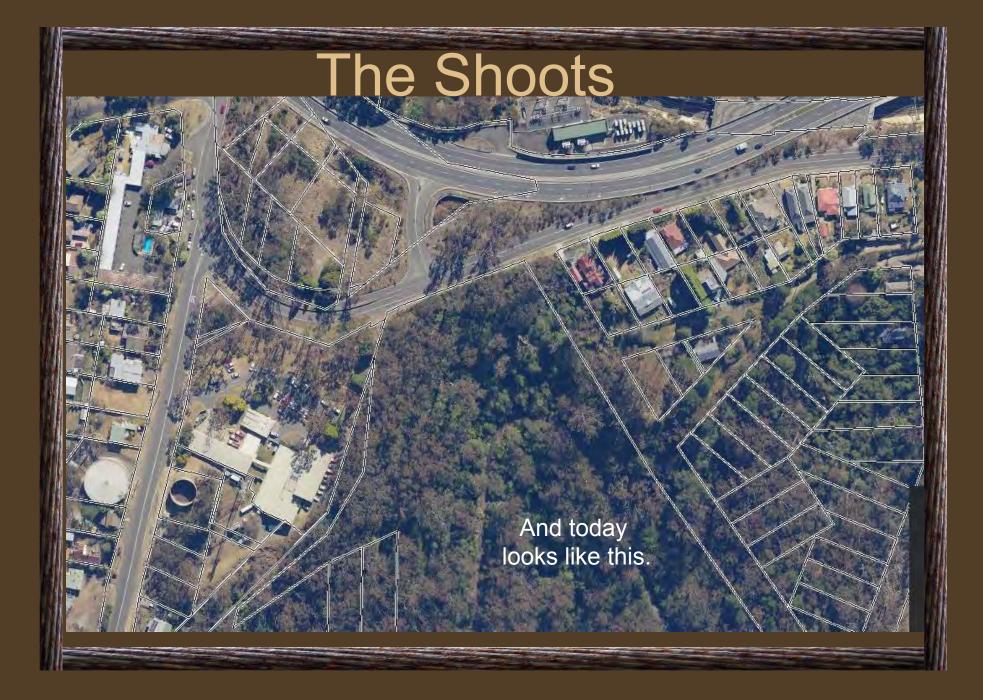
The Shoots

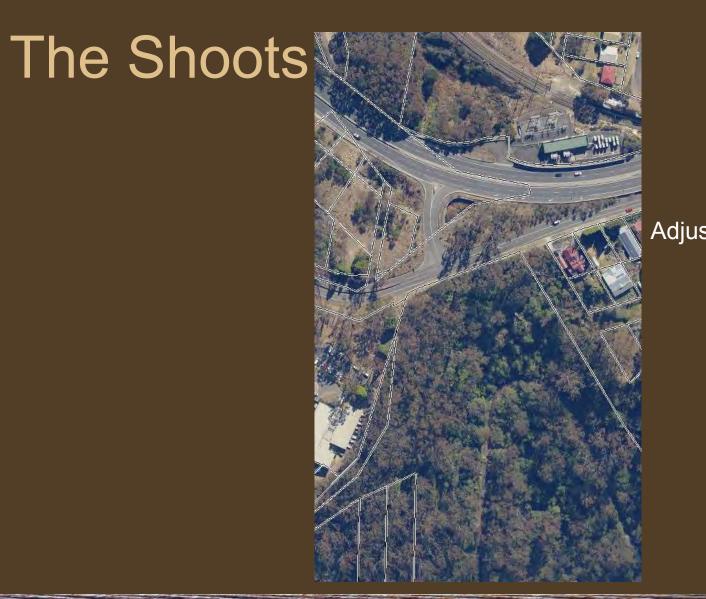


Zooming in.....



A great place to start as it has remained undisturbed since 1905.



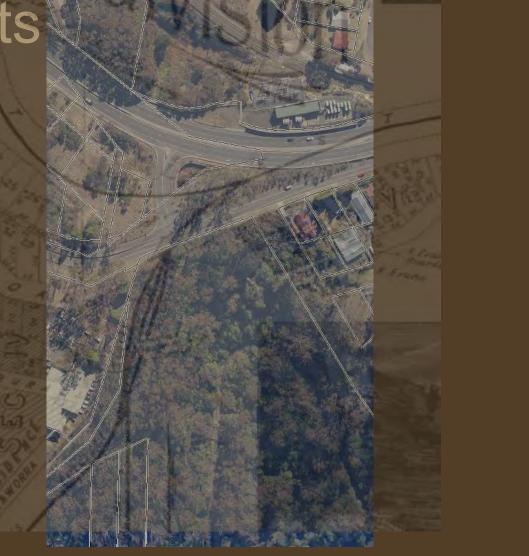


Adjust the scale.

The Shoots

And overlay the real estate map we can see what used to be there.

So now we can go searching.



HOW DOES & TRAMWAY WORK?



SHOOTS END

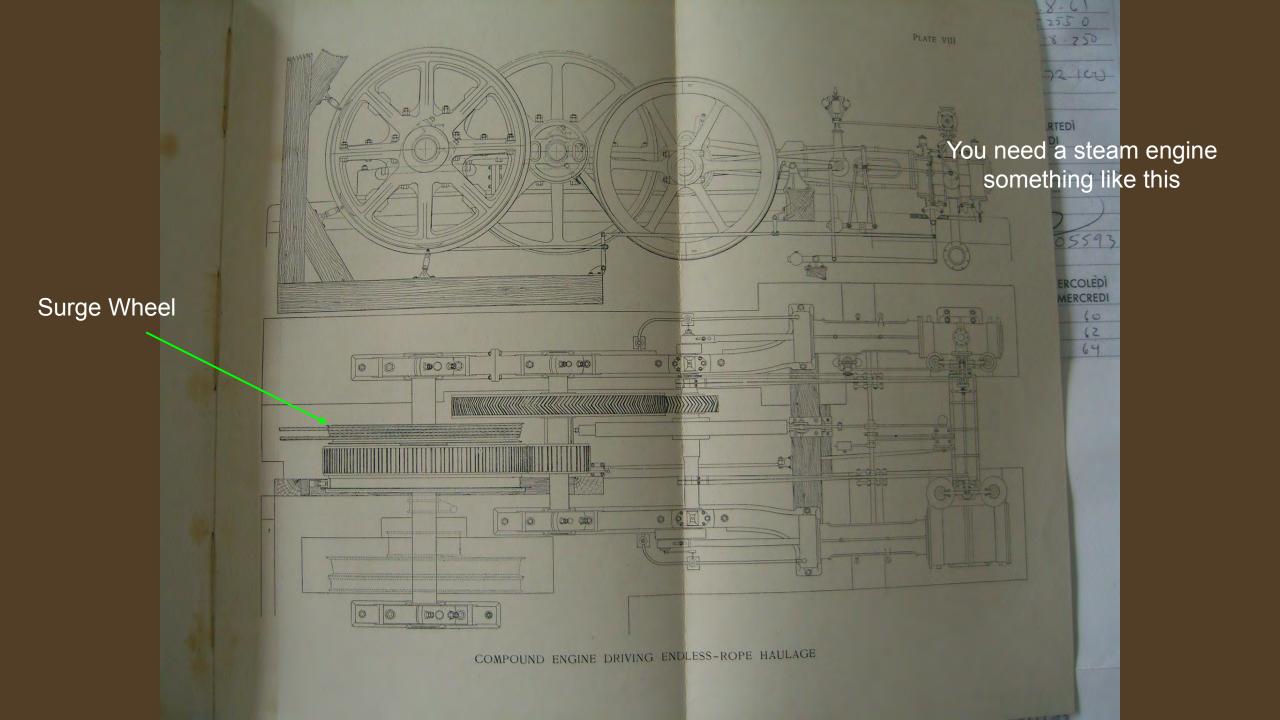
Turnwheel

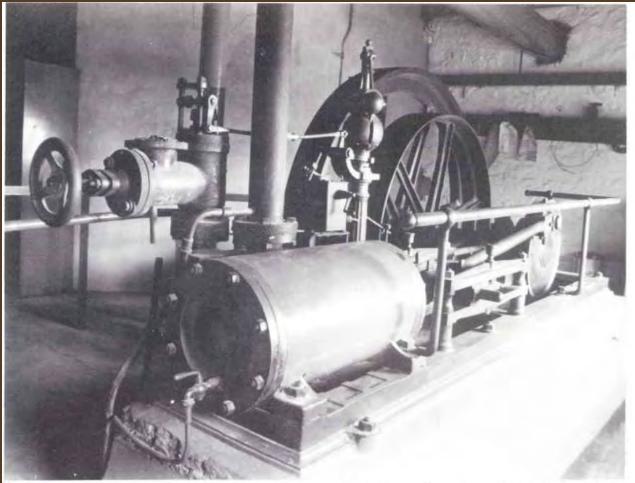
Steam endless rope winder

COAL MINE END.

2 – 3 MPH 0.8 – 1.3 M/sec
½ ton per skip 60 M separation
30 tons per hour.
Today's B-Double carries 55 tons.

Tension Sheave.





Breweries and whisky distilleries used a large number of small engines. This single-cylinder horizontal engine drove machinery at the Glenmoray-Glenlivet distillery. Fitted with a throttle governor and simple slide valve, it was built by G. Chrystal, St John's Foundry, Perth, about 1897.

Or this....

The Shoots

At the top end there was a turnwheel something like this.





Highly trained sniffer dog on the case



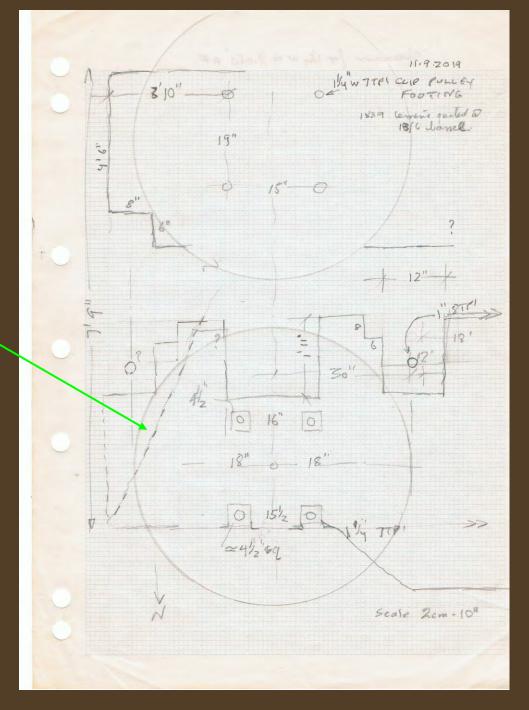
And Brian Fox's walking team.







Here are the 2 concrete footings still on site. On the left the original turnwheel footing. On the right the clipwheel footing.



KATOOMBA COAL MINE TRAMWAY PROFILE



Total lift 99M Total Distance 2111M Skip spacing 60M. Transit time at 1 M/S=35 min Avg Gradient 2.7 deg. Weight of coal = 17 tons Power approx. 10 HP/7.8kW Plus friction!!!



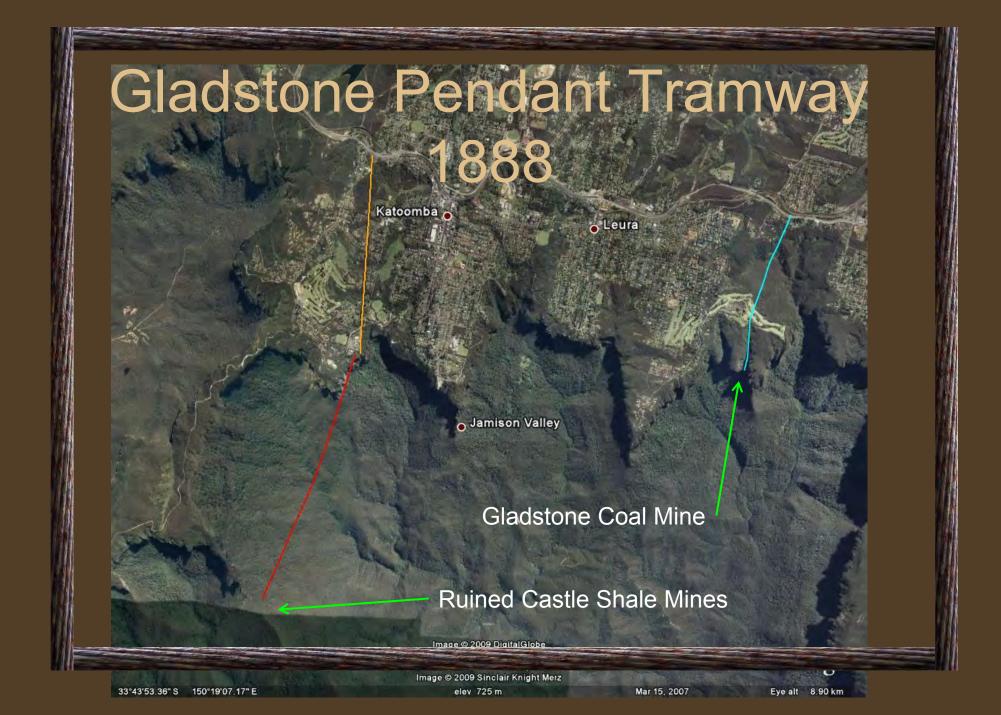
The Shoots 1042M

DRIVE CHANGES TO THE SHOOTS TRAM



1883 TO 1888



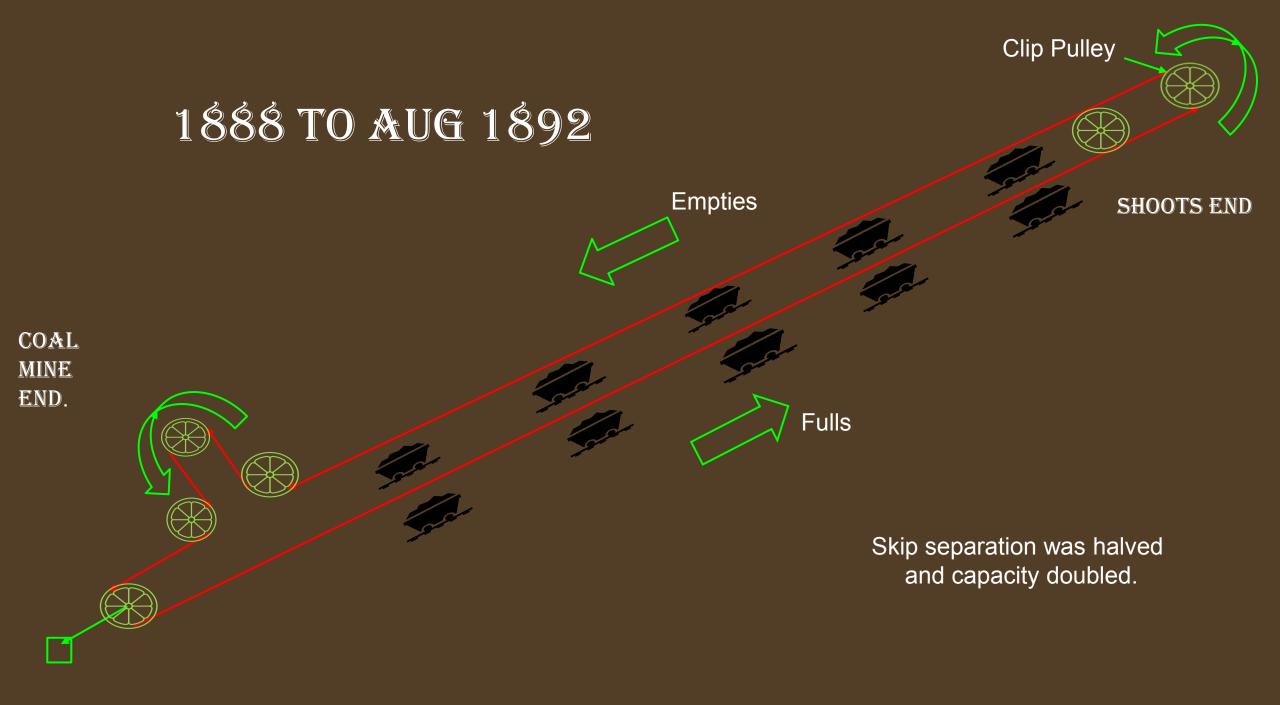


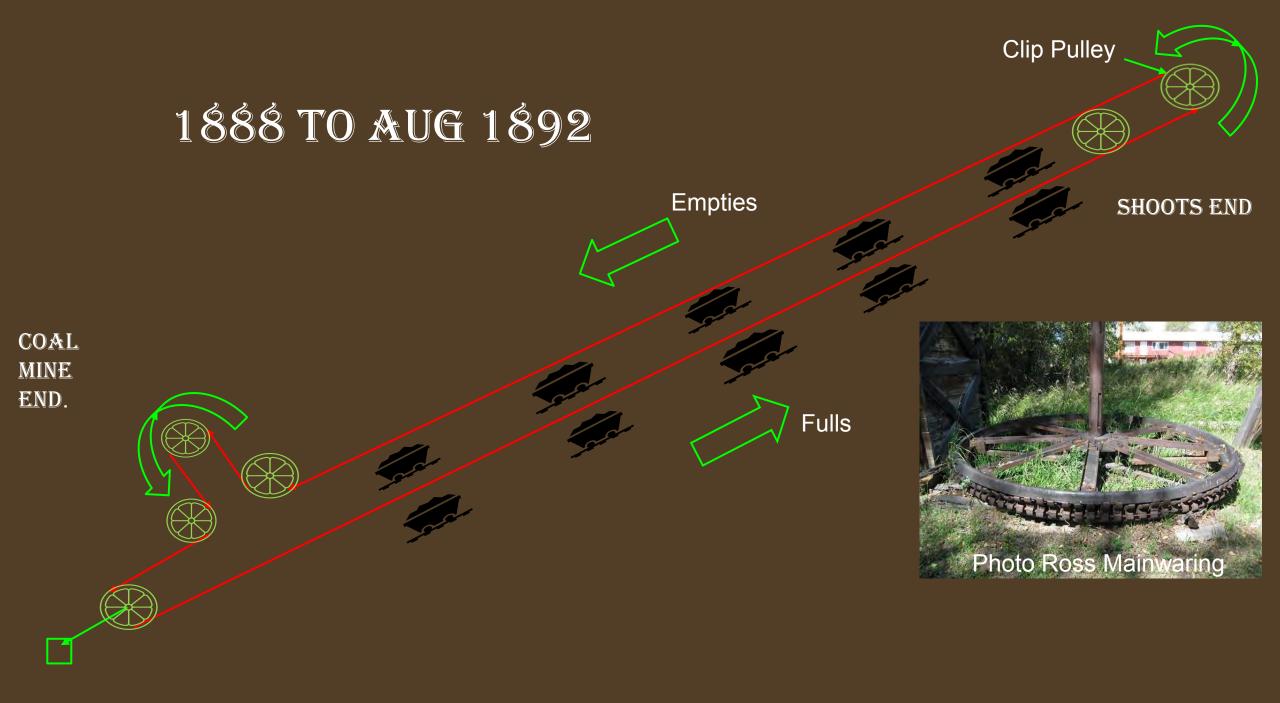
The skips from the Pendant Tramway were introduced at the bankhead.

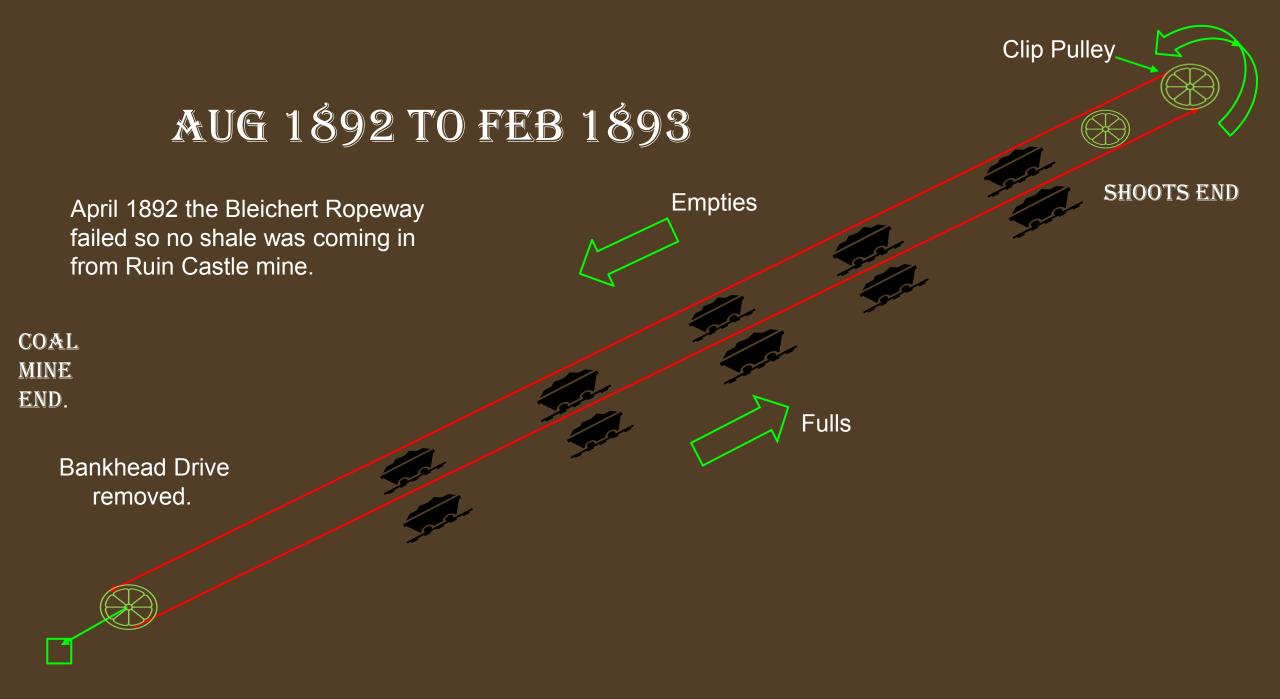


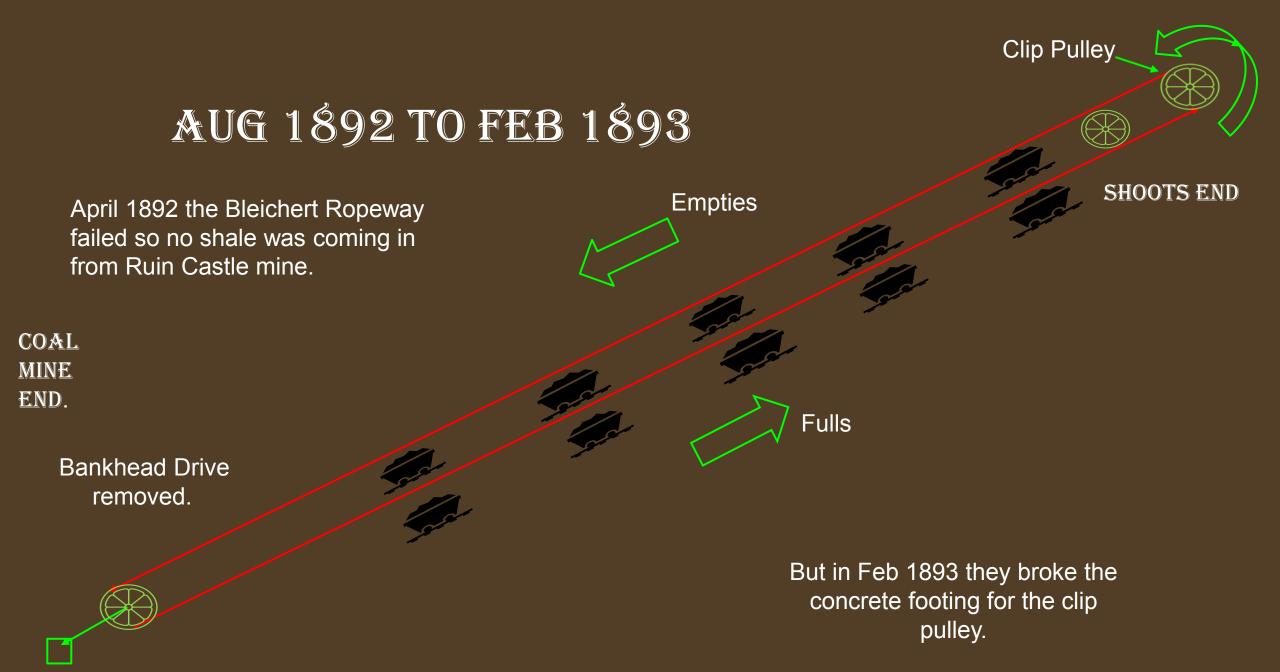
The Shoots

NSWGR Siding



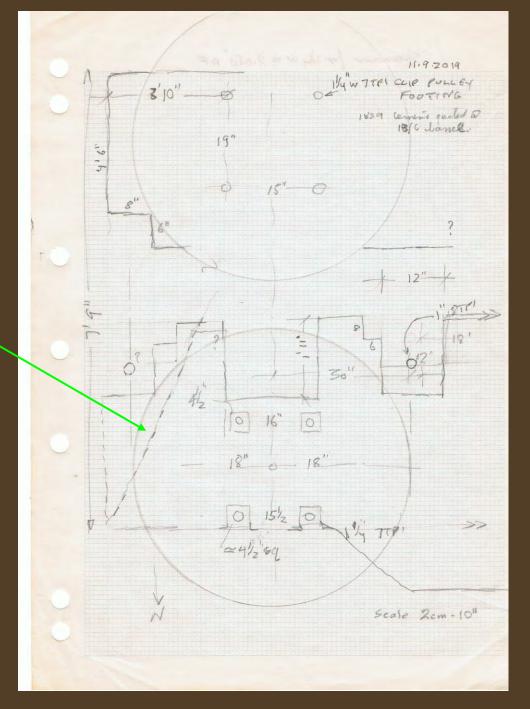


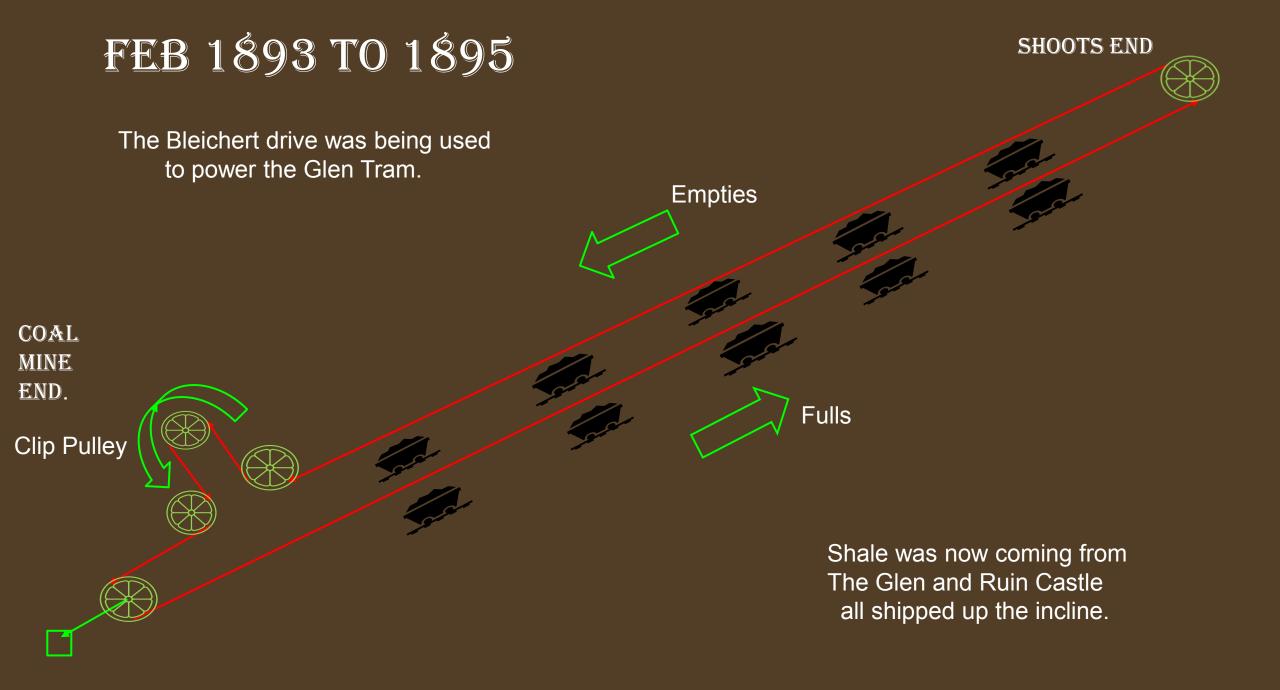






Aggerate for concrete in 1888 was "knapped" ironstone, being hard and providing sharp edges. However, cement was the equivalent of \$100 a bag so was used sparingly hence the large proportion of aggregate in the concrete and reinforcing wasn't invented yet.





The system probably never ran at design capacity.



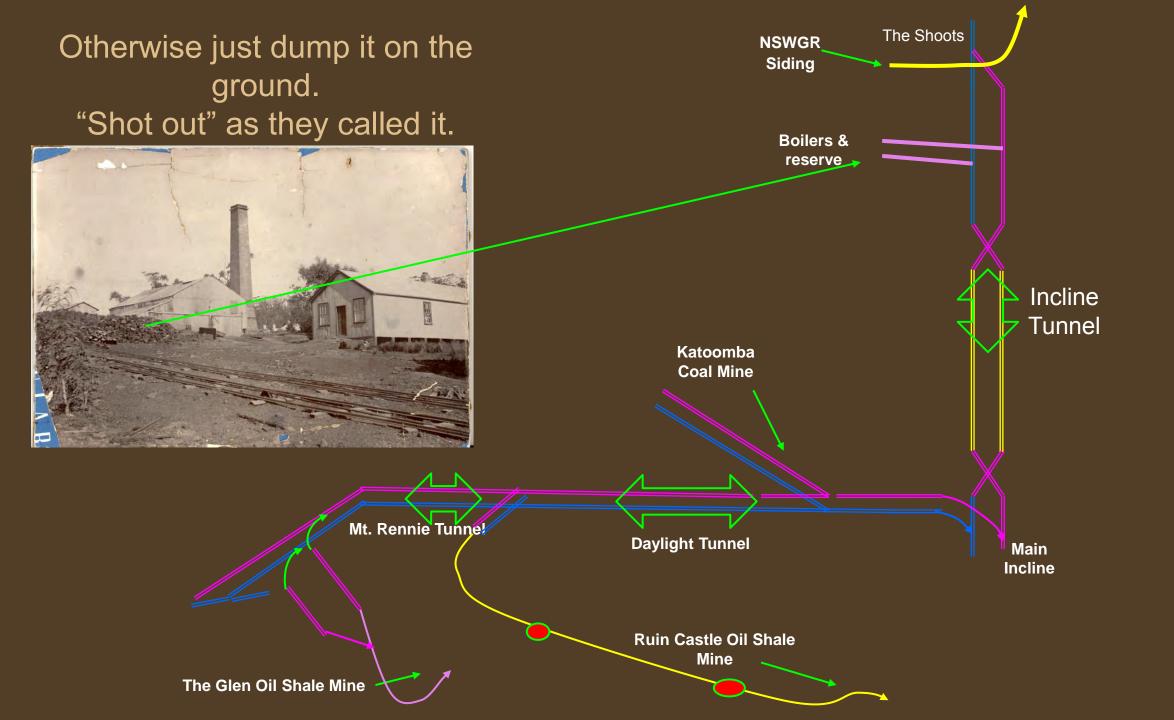
The only surge bins to hold surplus or seconds – were at the Shoots – anything else one stop all stop.



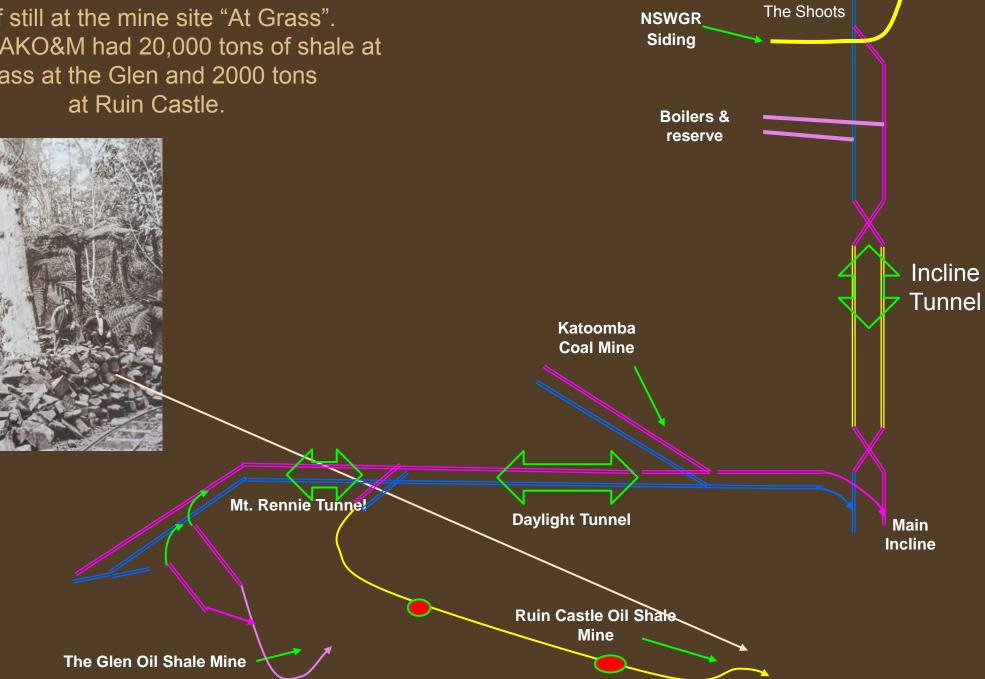
The Glen Oil Shale Mine

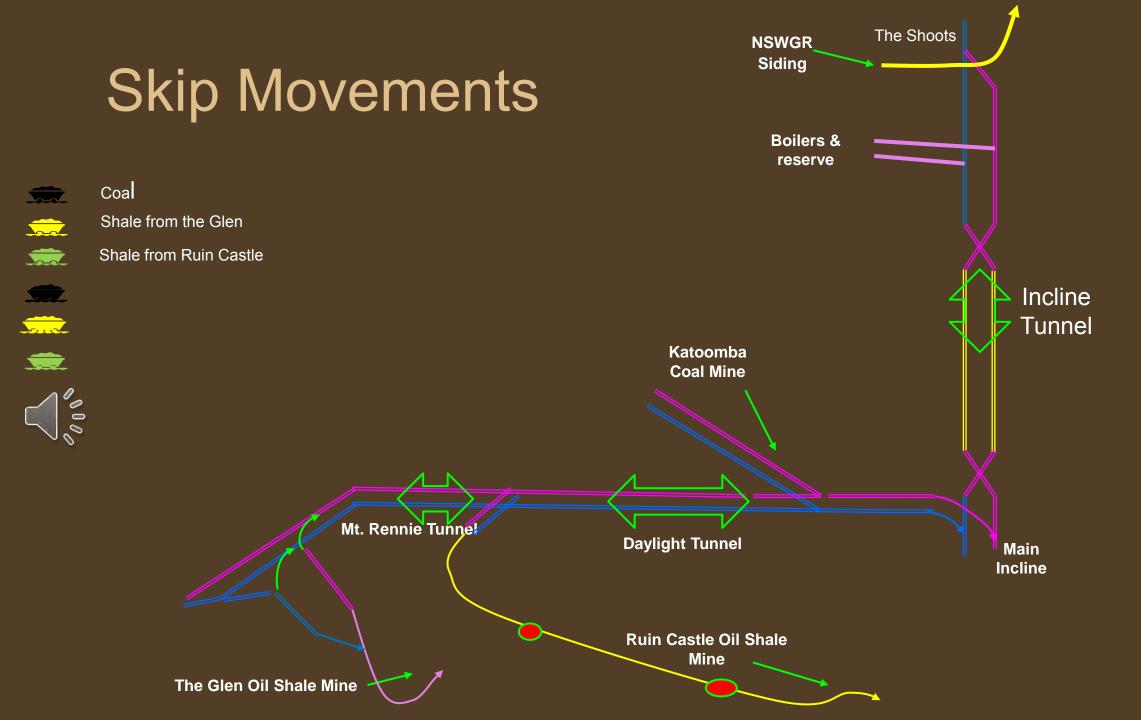
SECONDS AND SURPLUSES WERE PUT DOWN THE CHUTE TO THE RECOVERY ROAD

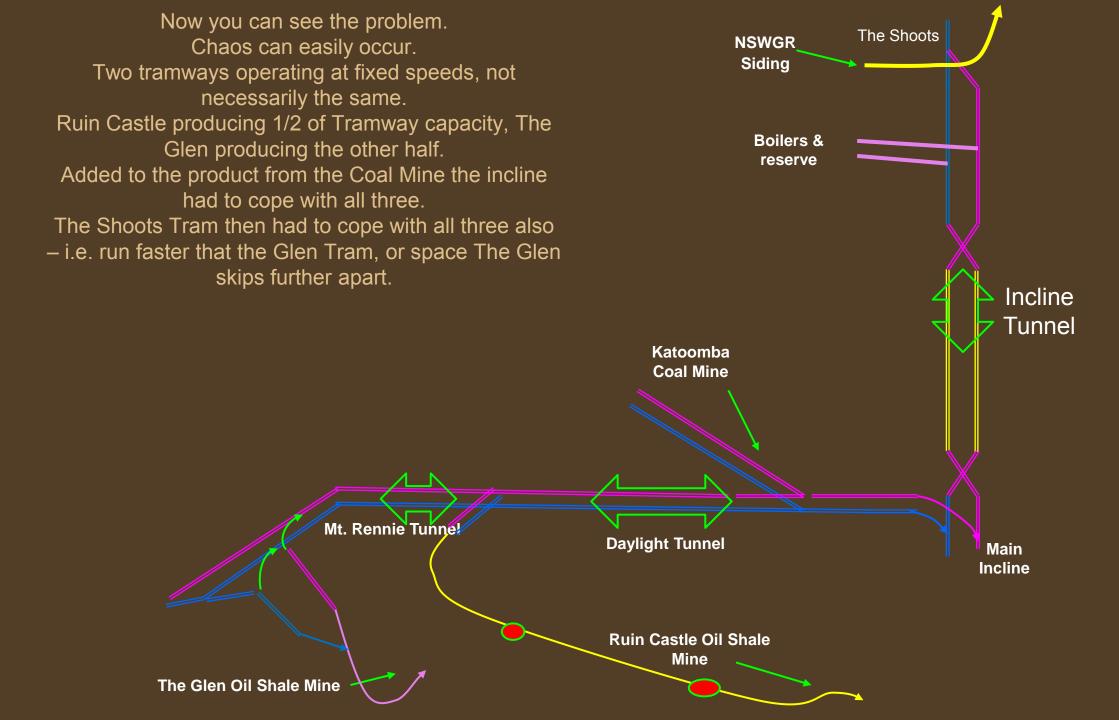


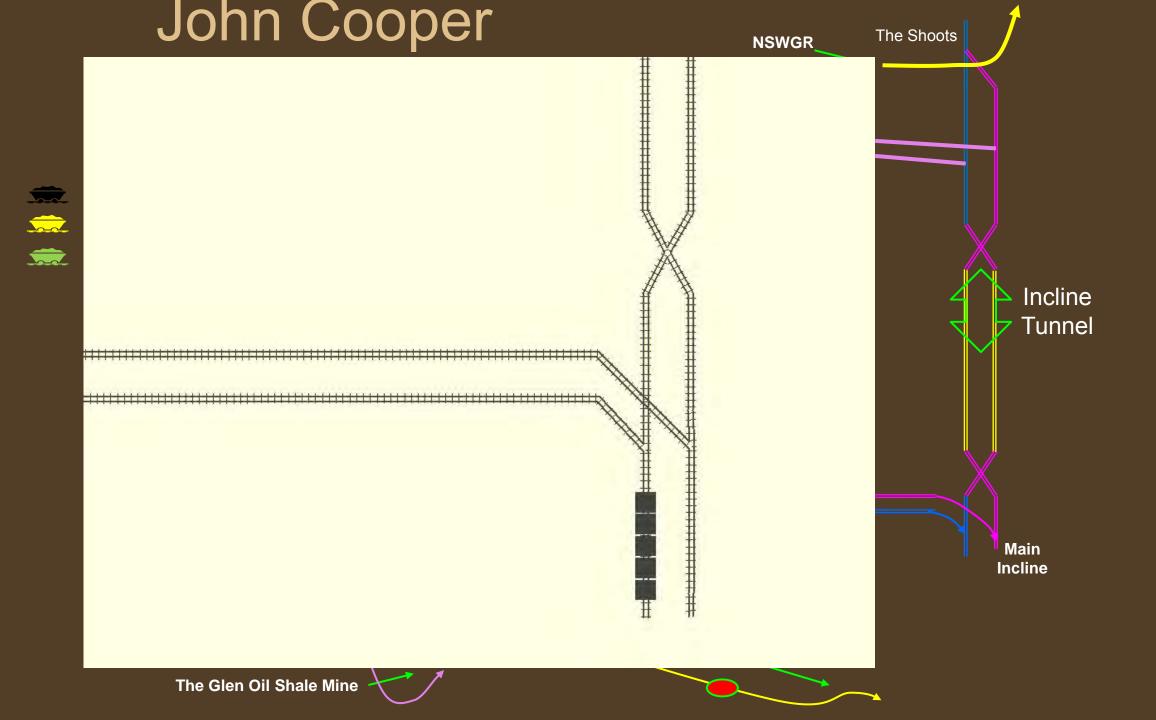


Or if still at the mine site "At Grass". In 1903 AKO&M had 20,000 tons of shale at grass at the Glen and 2000 tons at Ruin Castle.





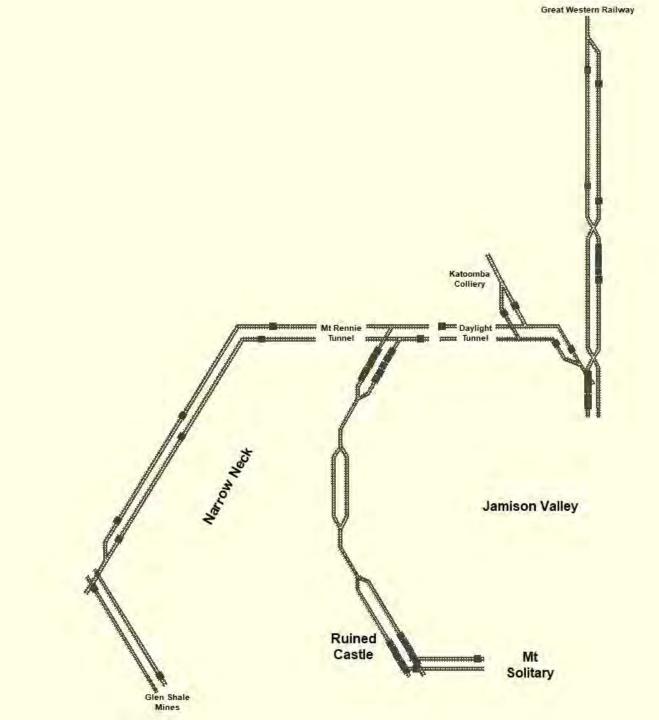




Joh simula

Coal Shale from the Gle

Shale from Ruin Ca

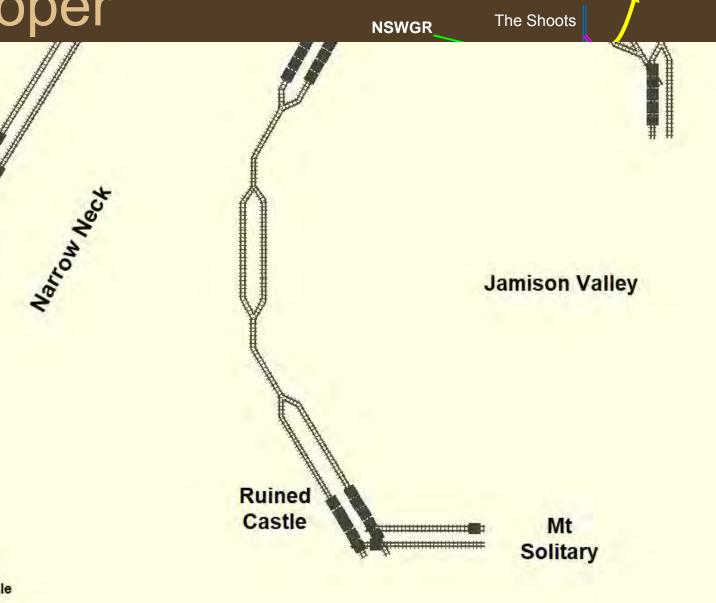


Incline Tunnel

in ine

The Gle





The Glen Oil Shale Mine

Glen Shale Mines



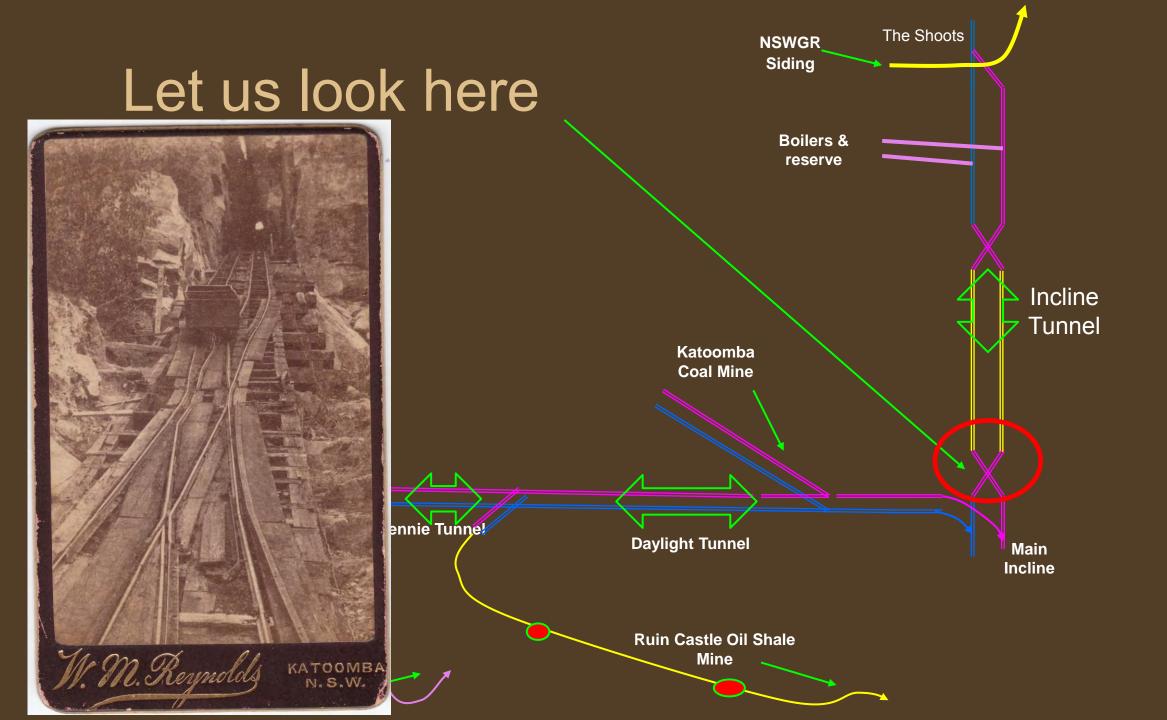


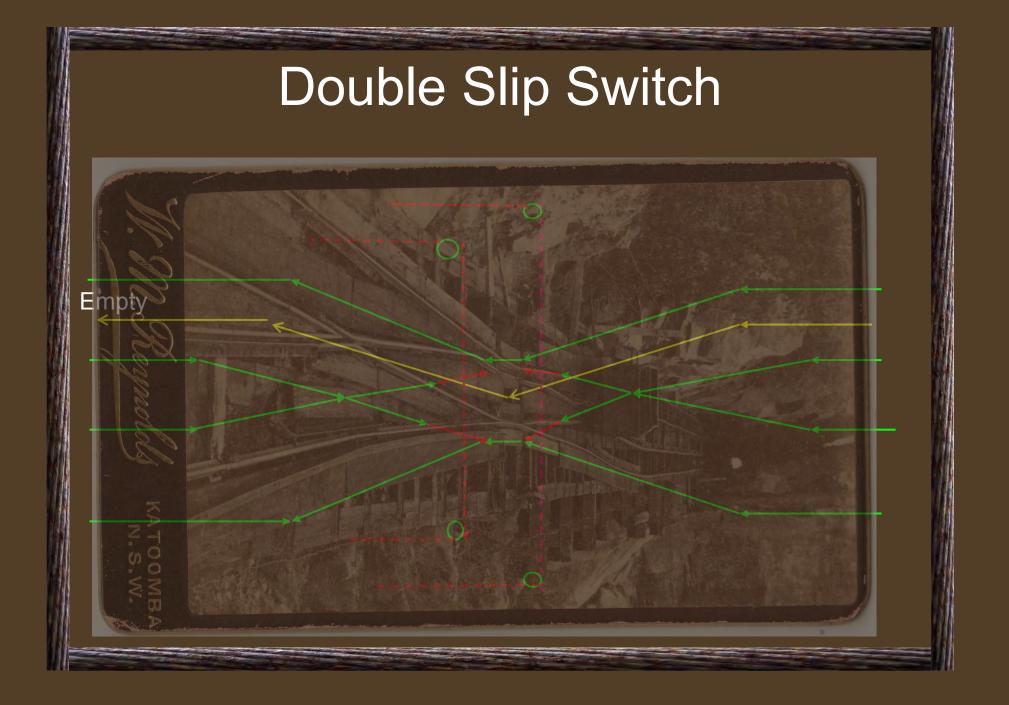
Katoomba Colliery

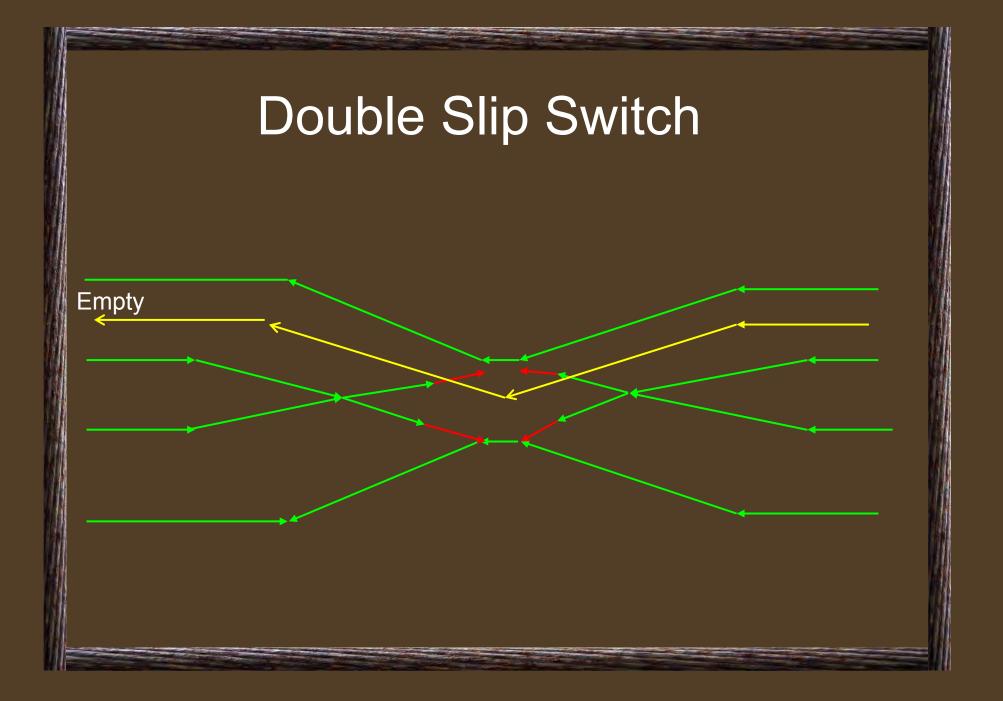
HIN Daylight HIN

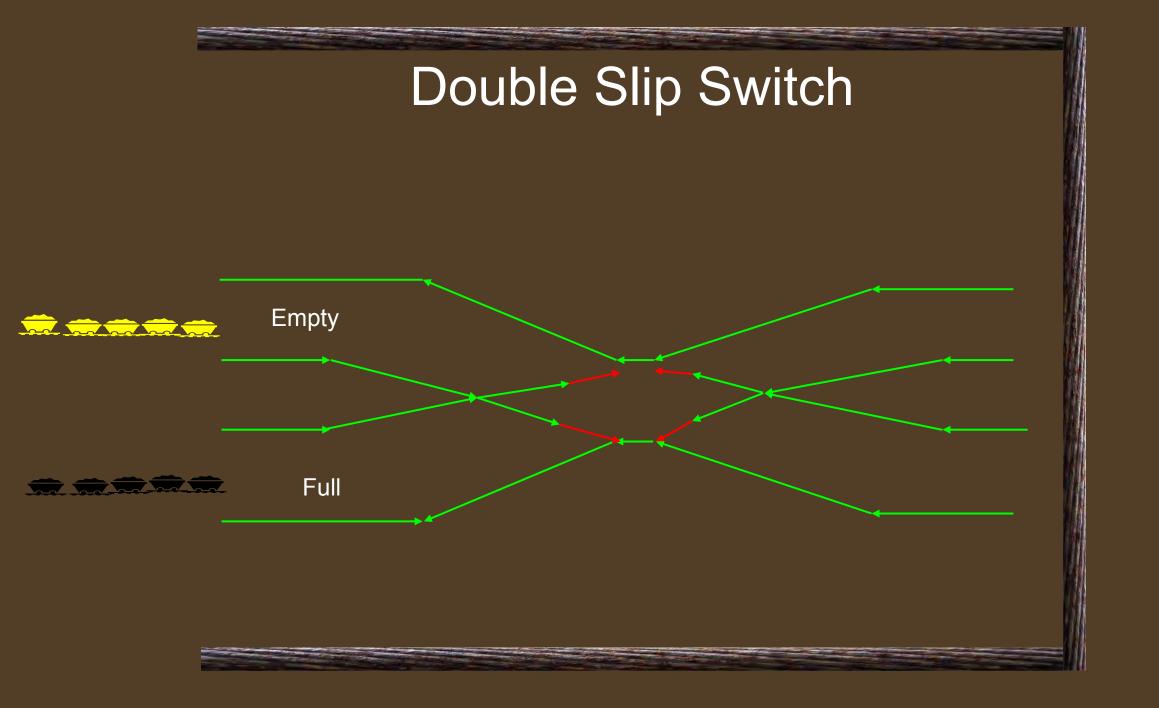
₩ Mt Rennie # Tunnel # Great Western Railway

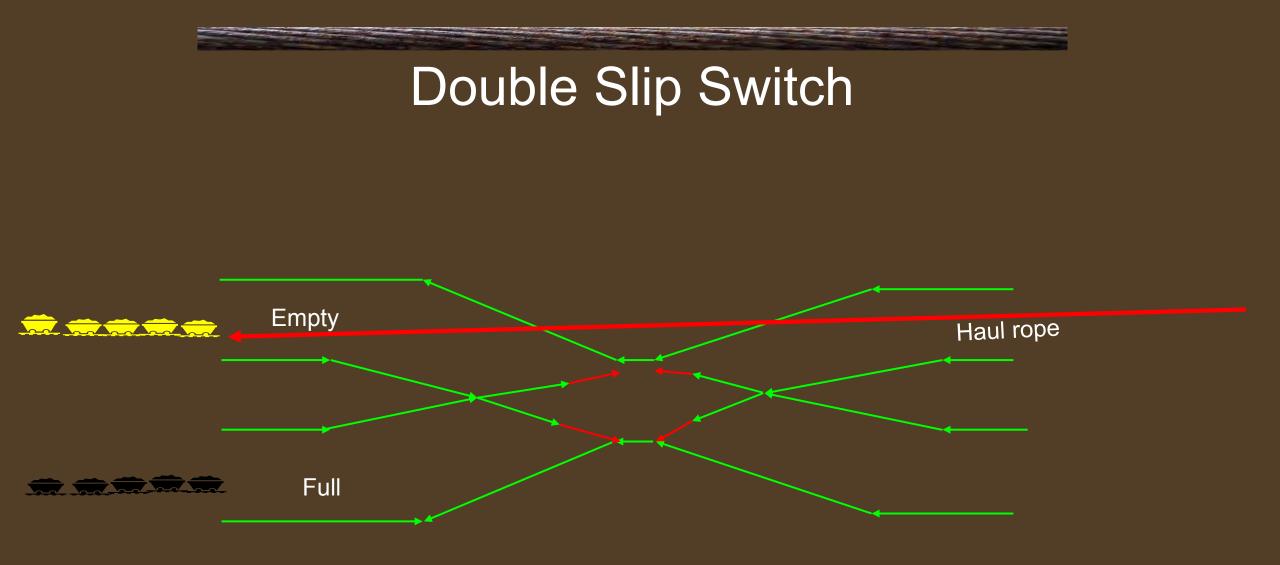


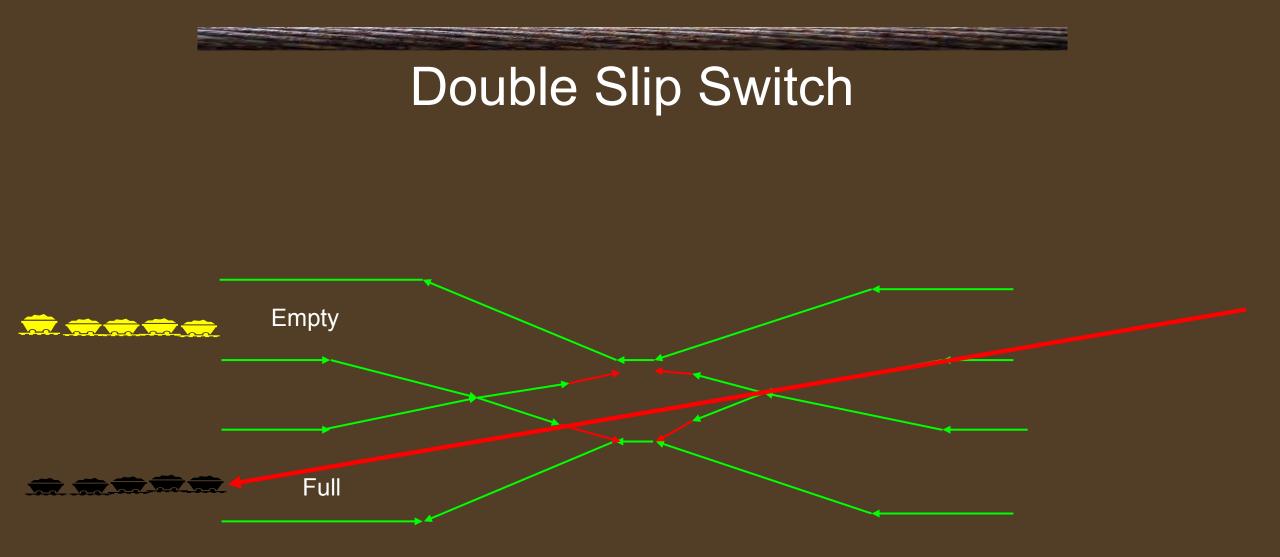


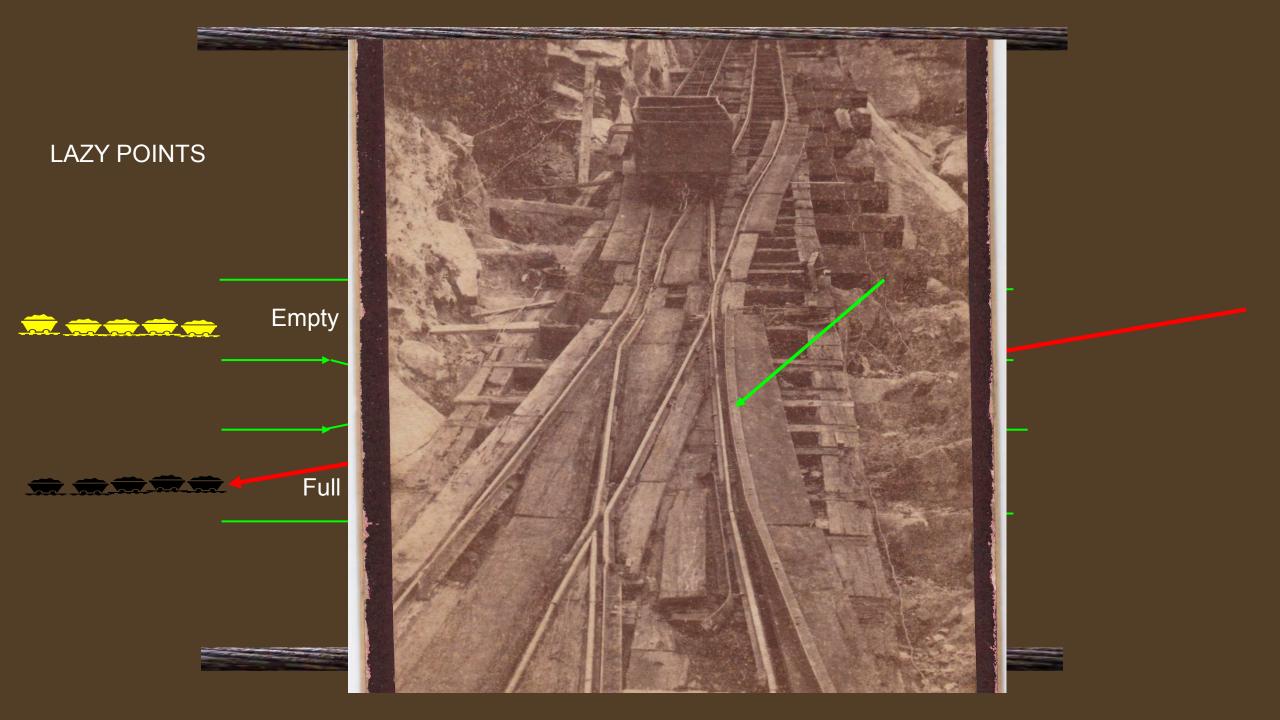




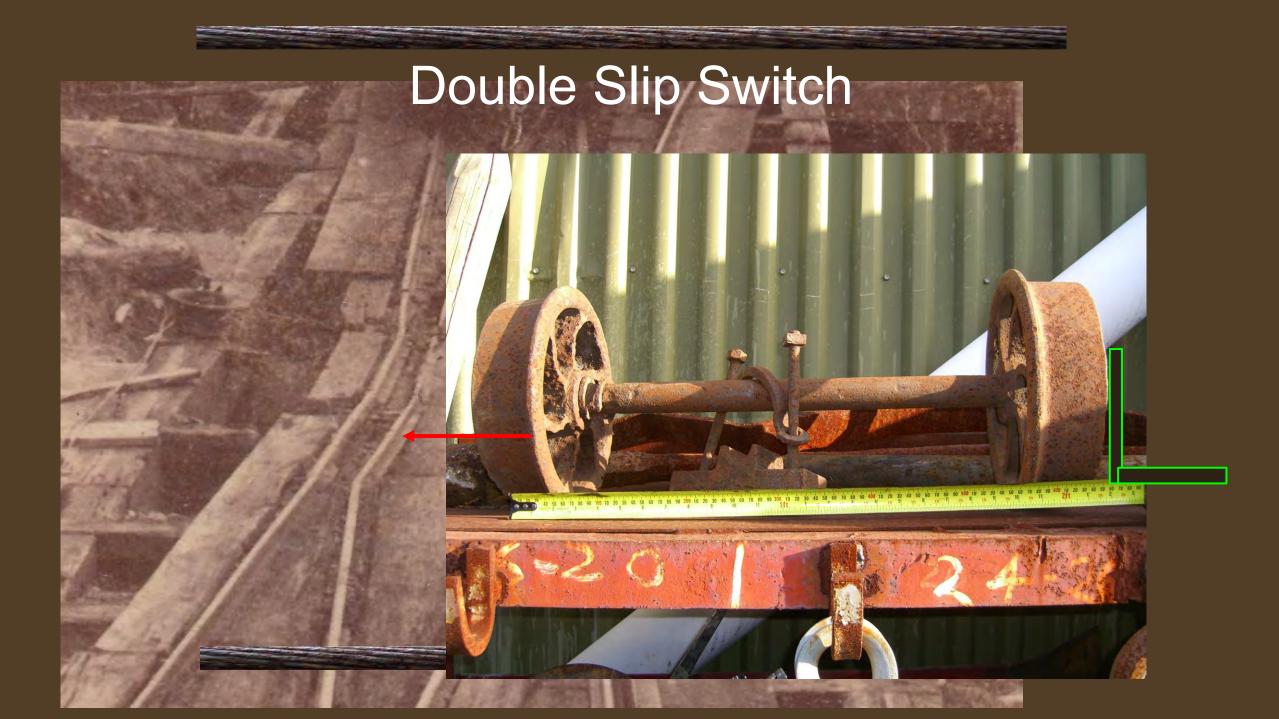


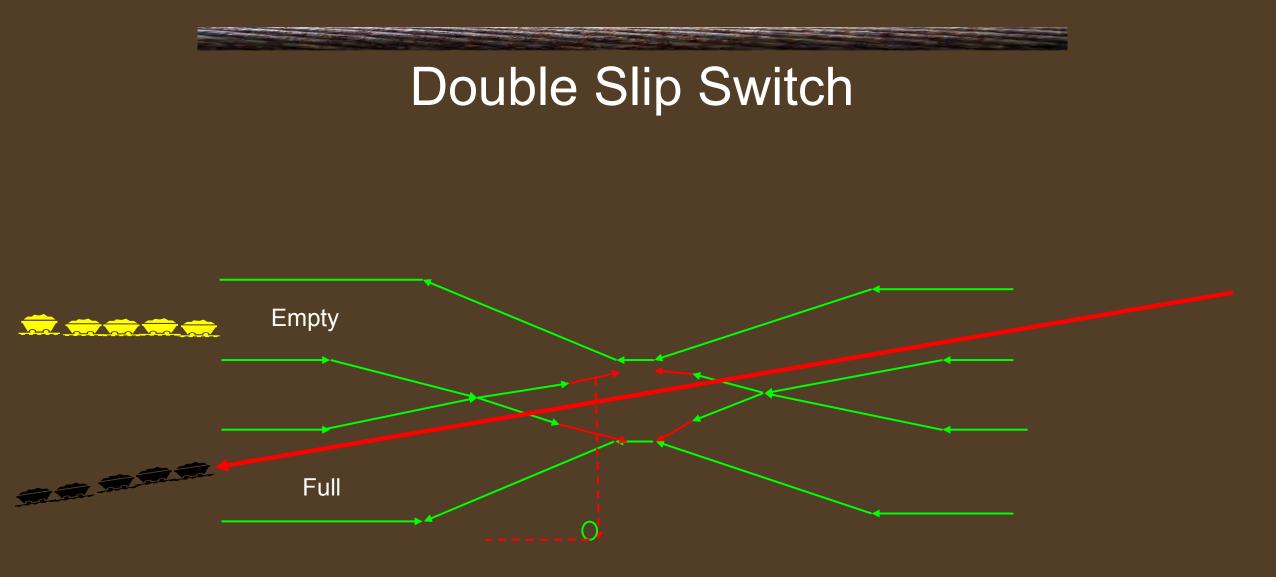


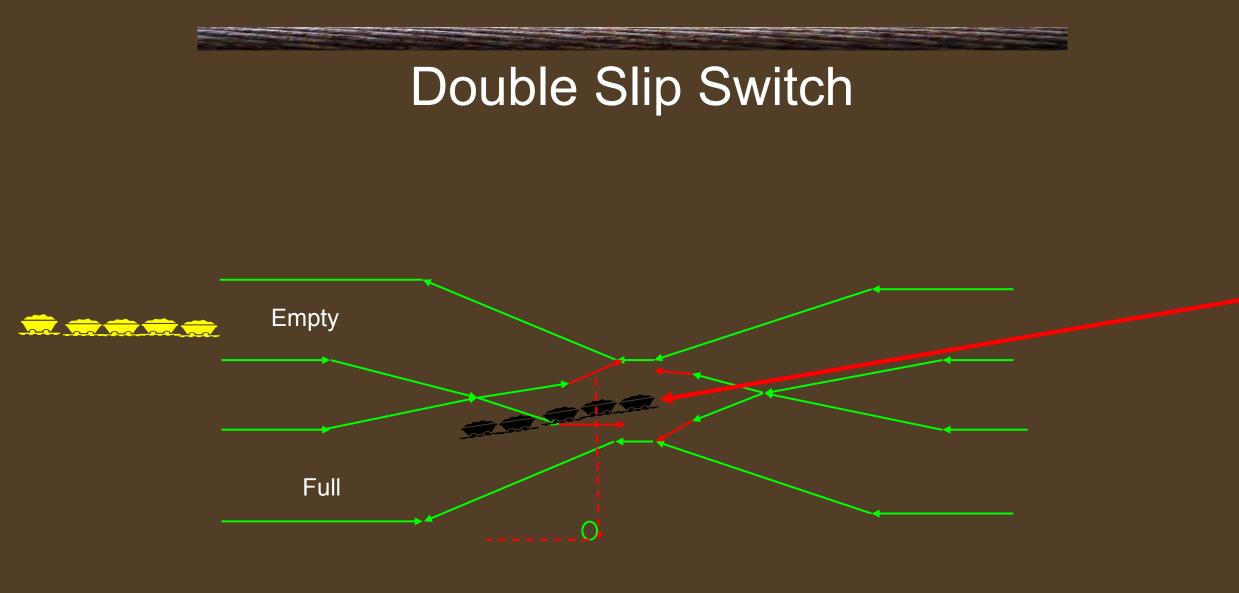


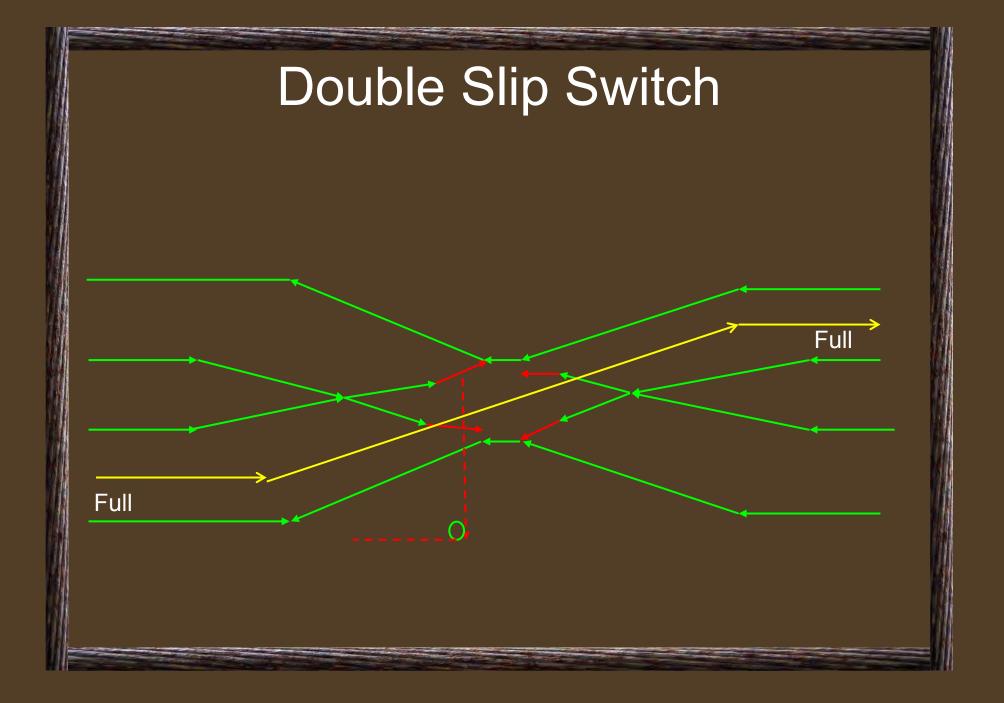


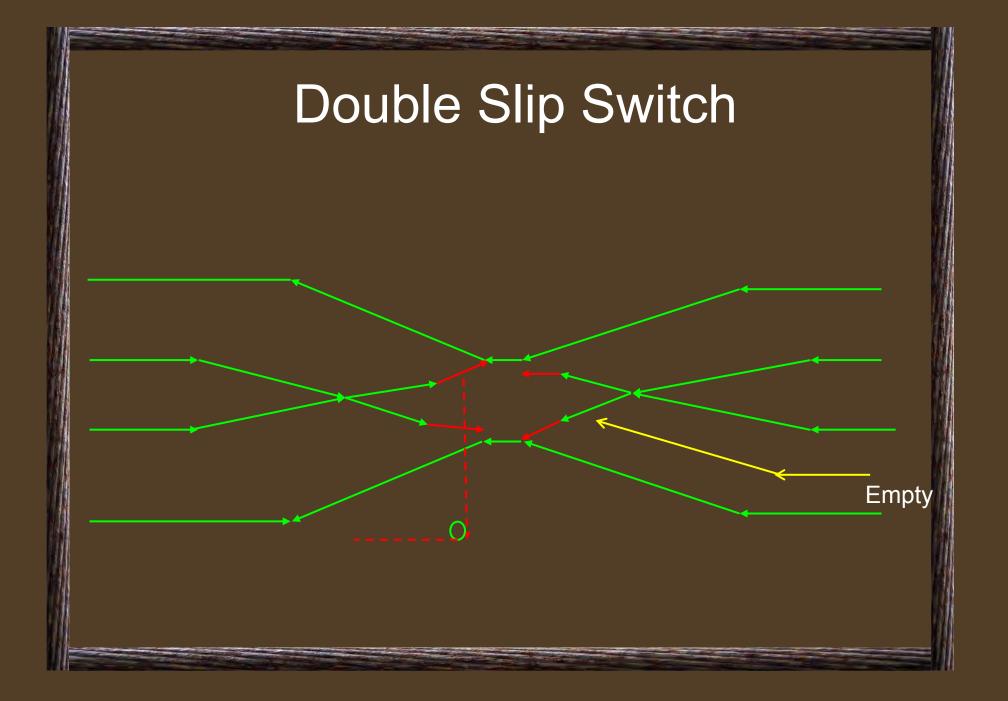


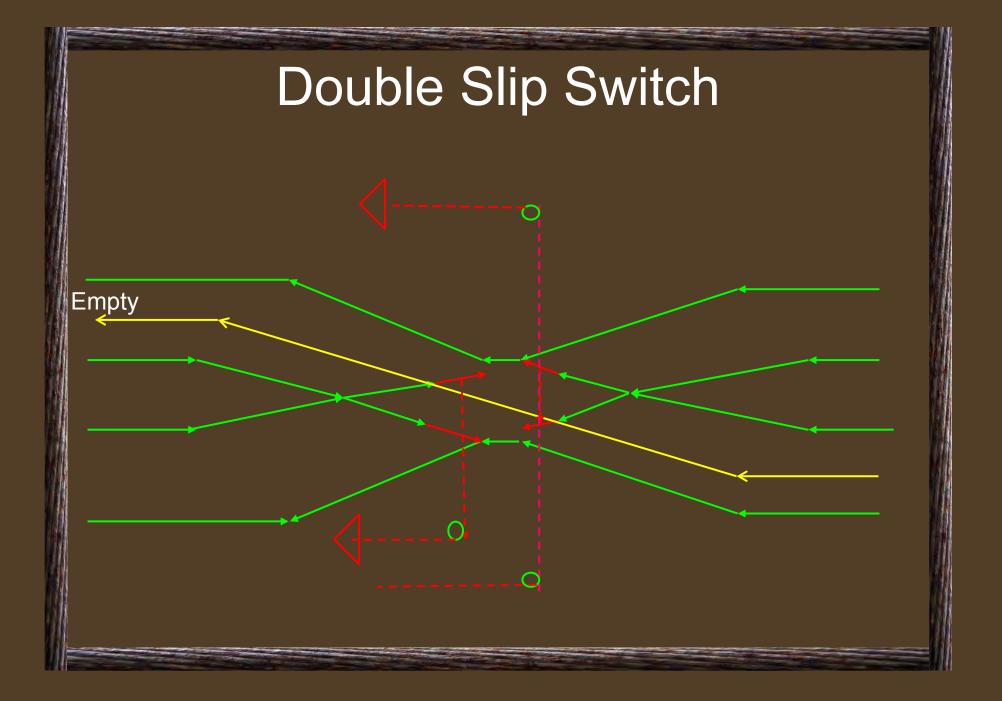


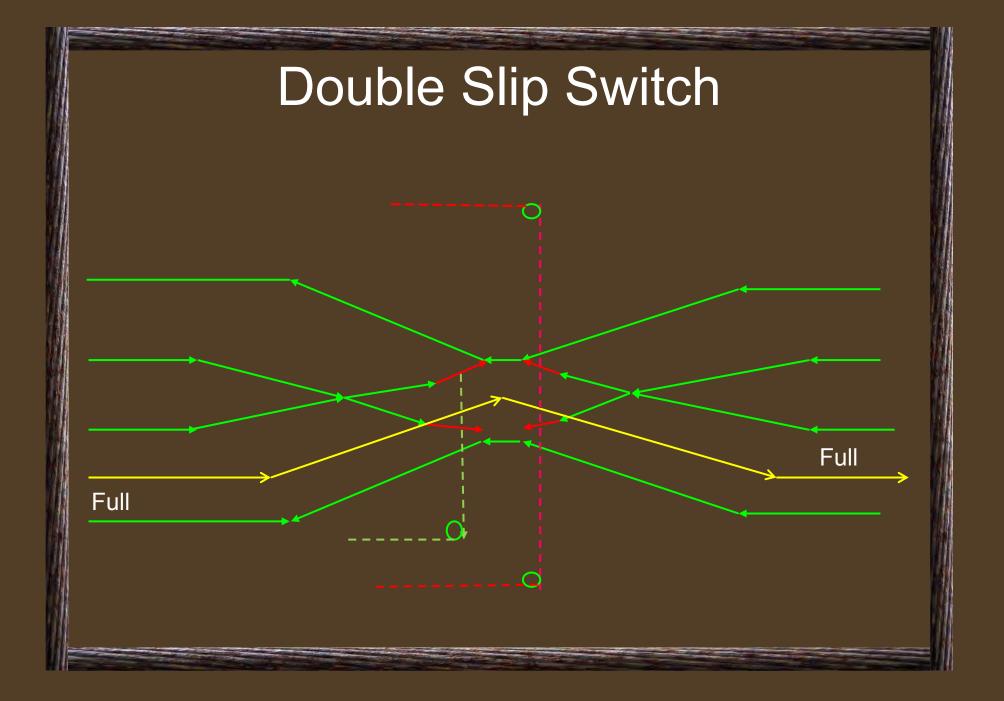


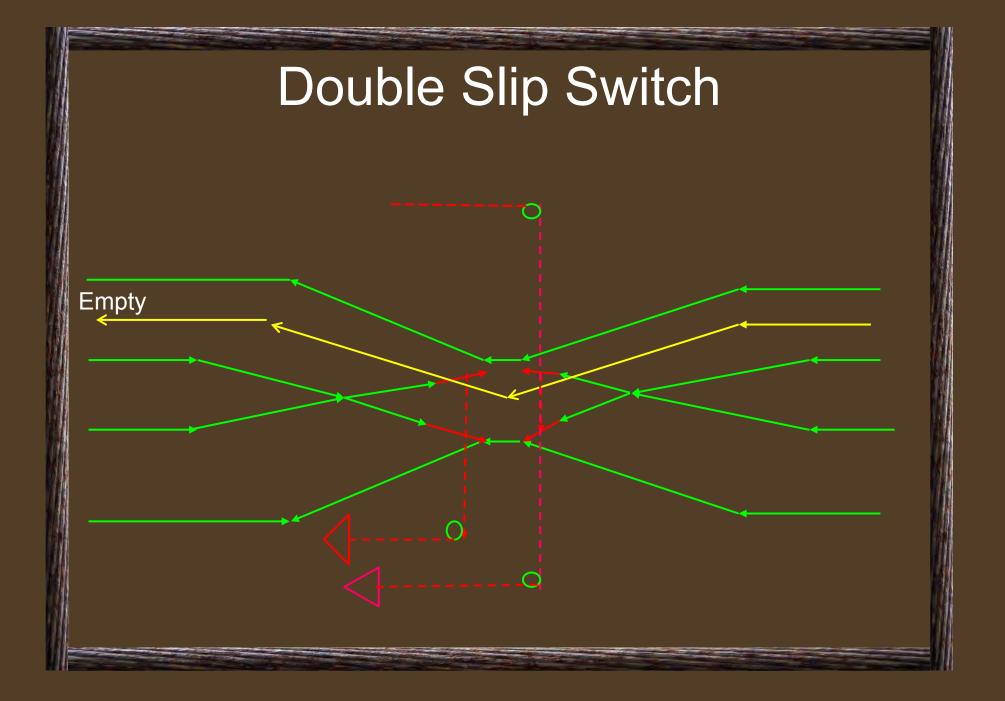






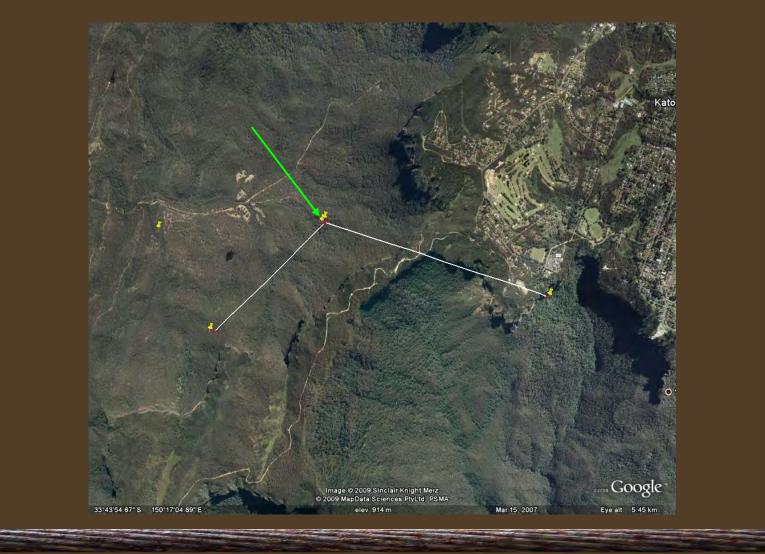


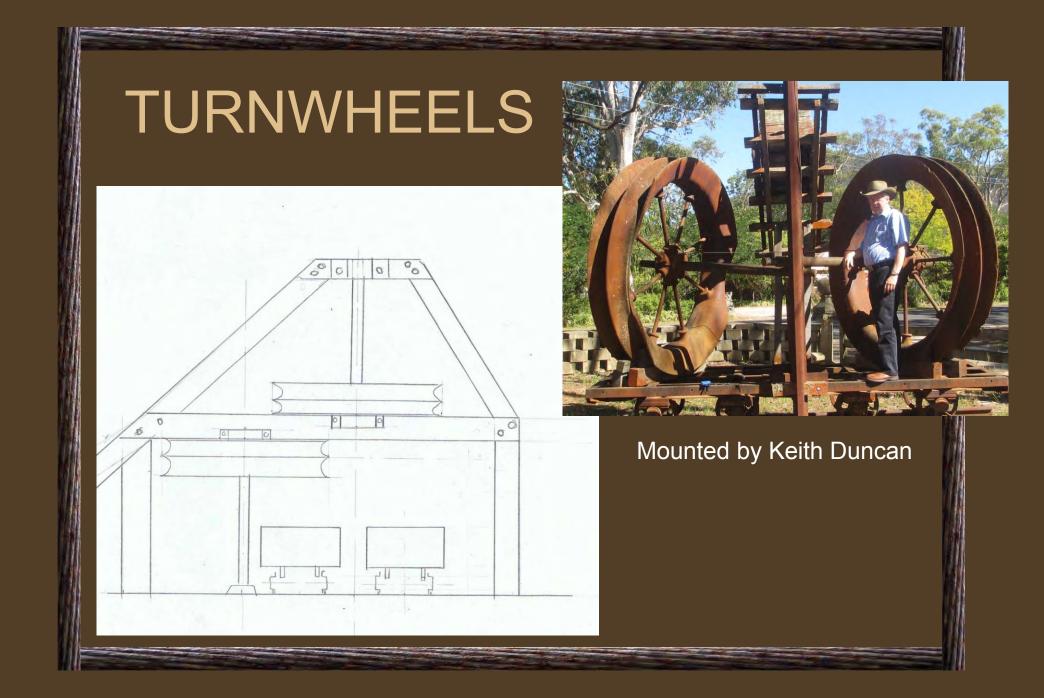




Further complications The TURNWHEELS

TURNWHEELS



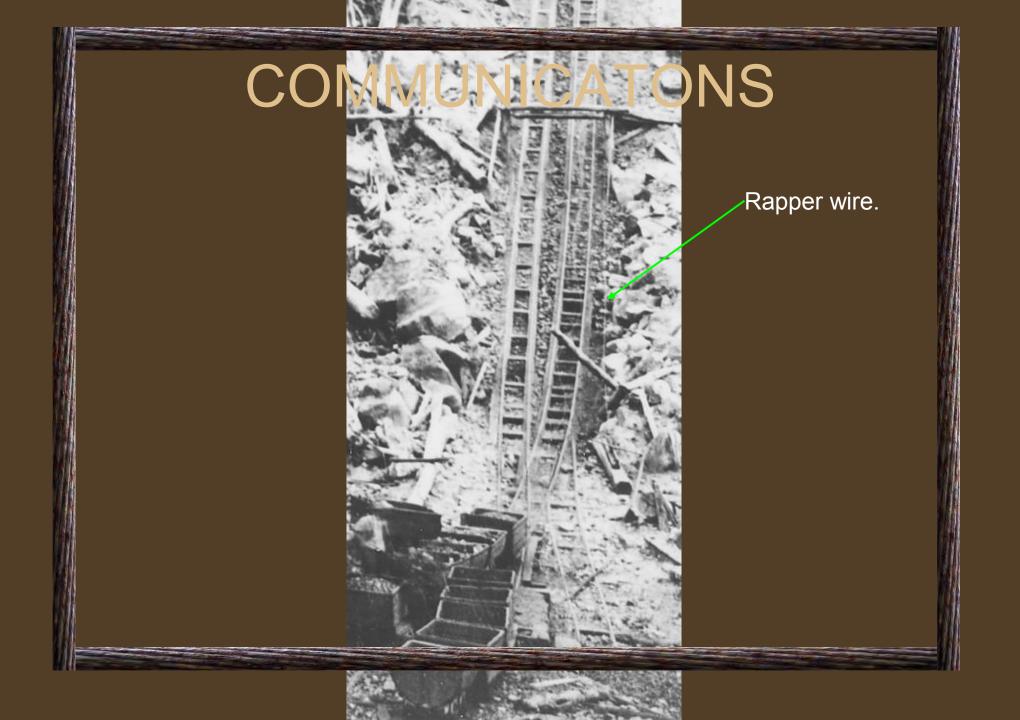








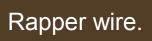




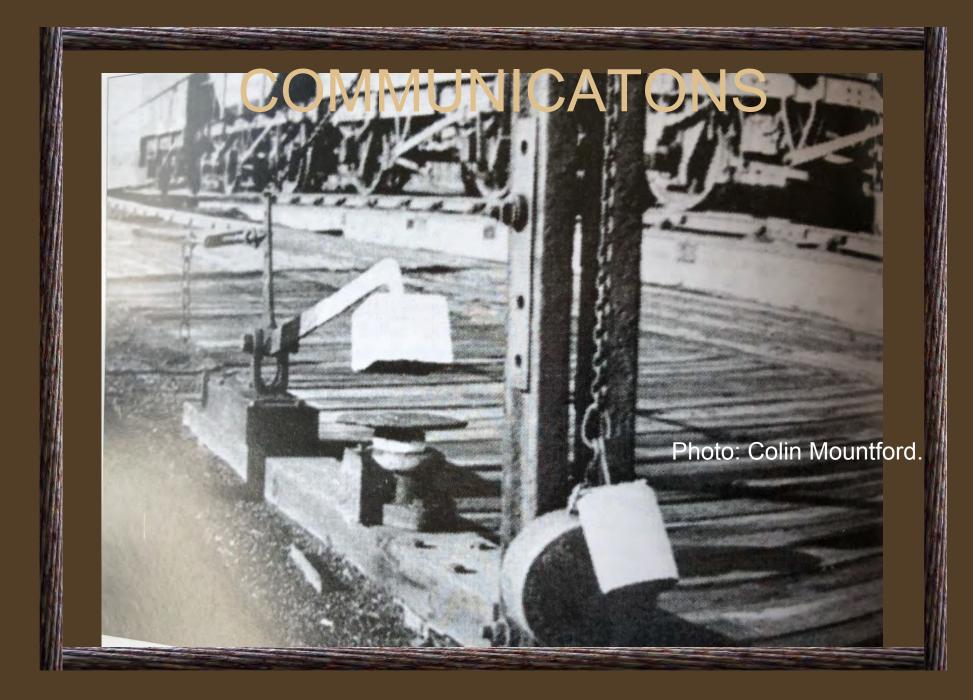












This is the noisy end of a rapper wire.



COMMUNICATONS



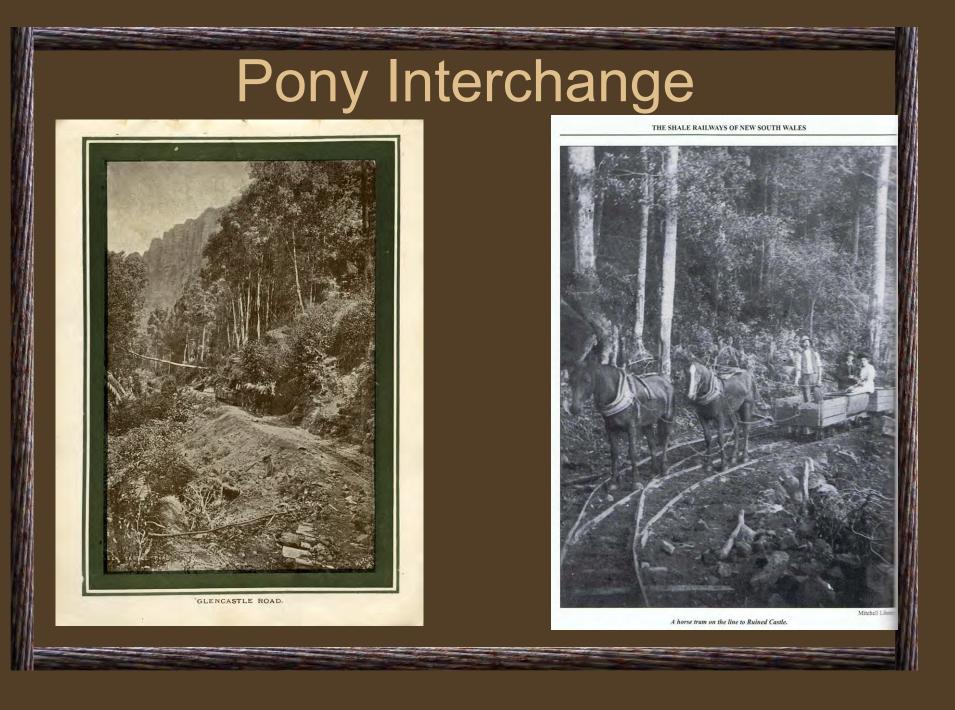


COMMUNICATONS



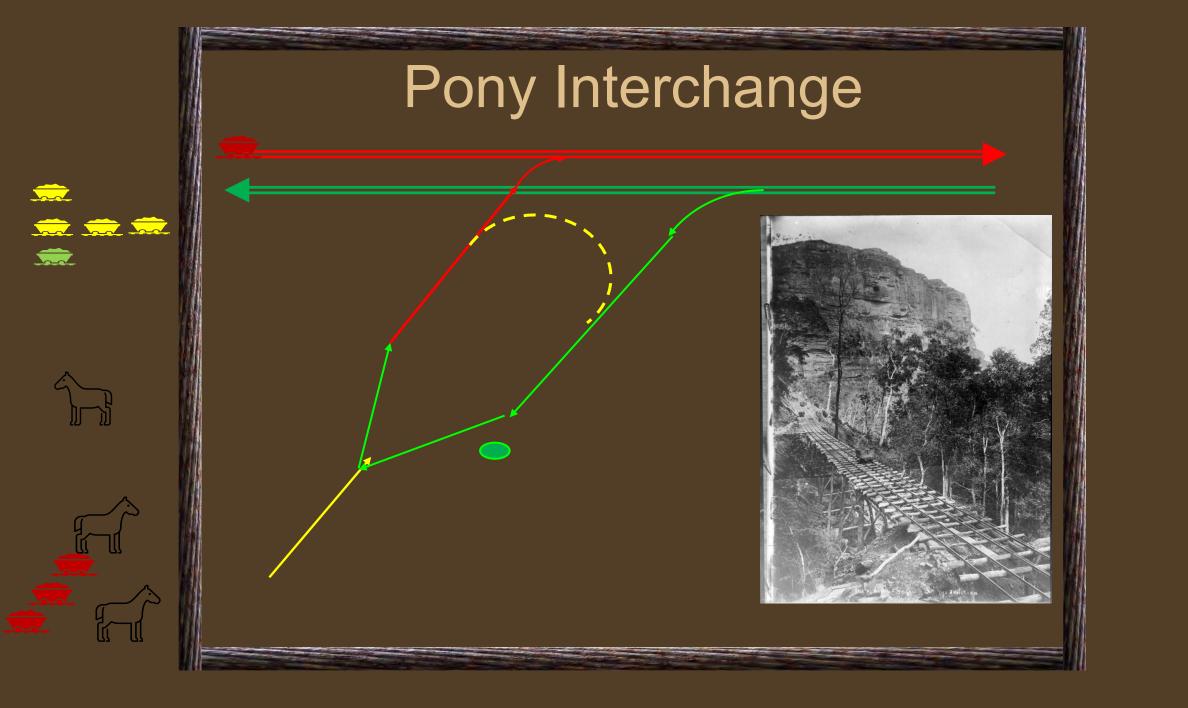


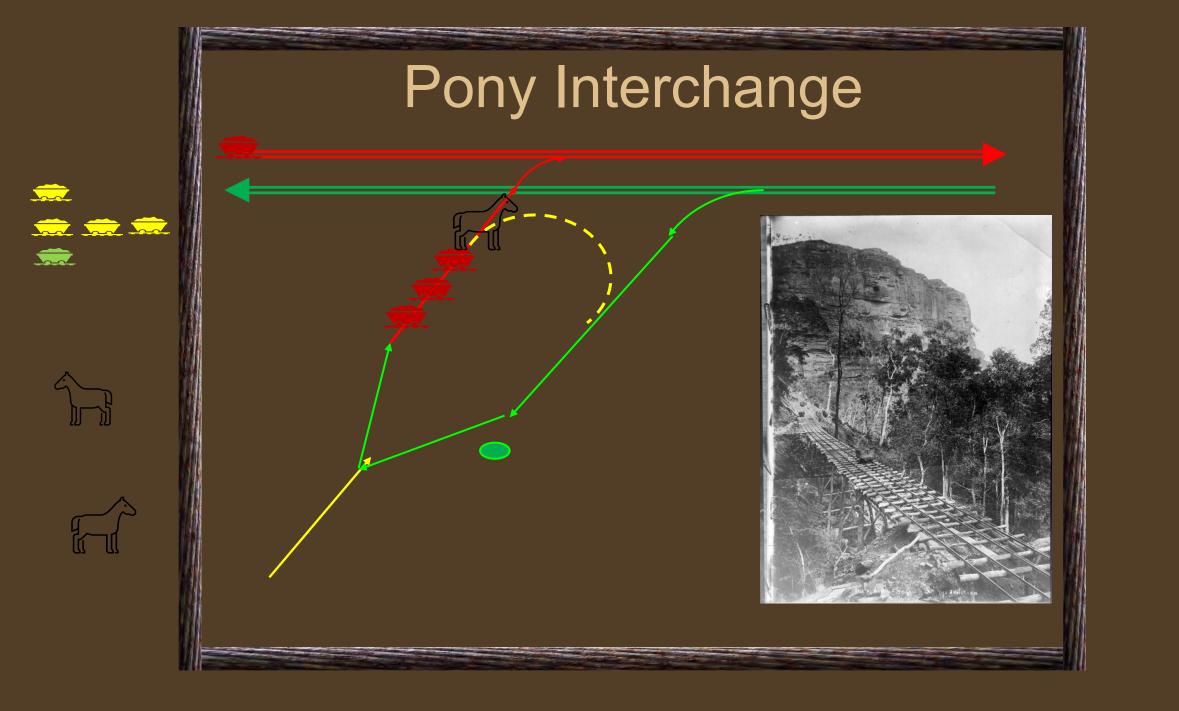


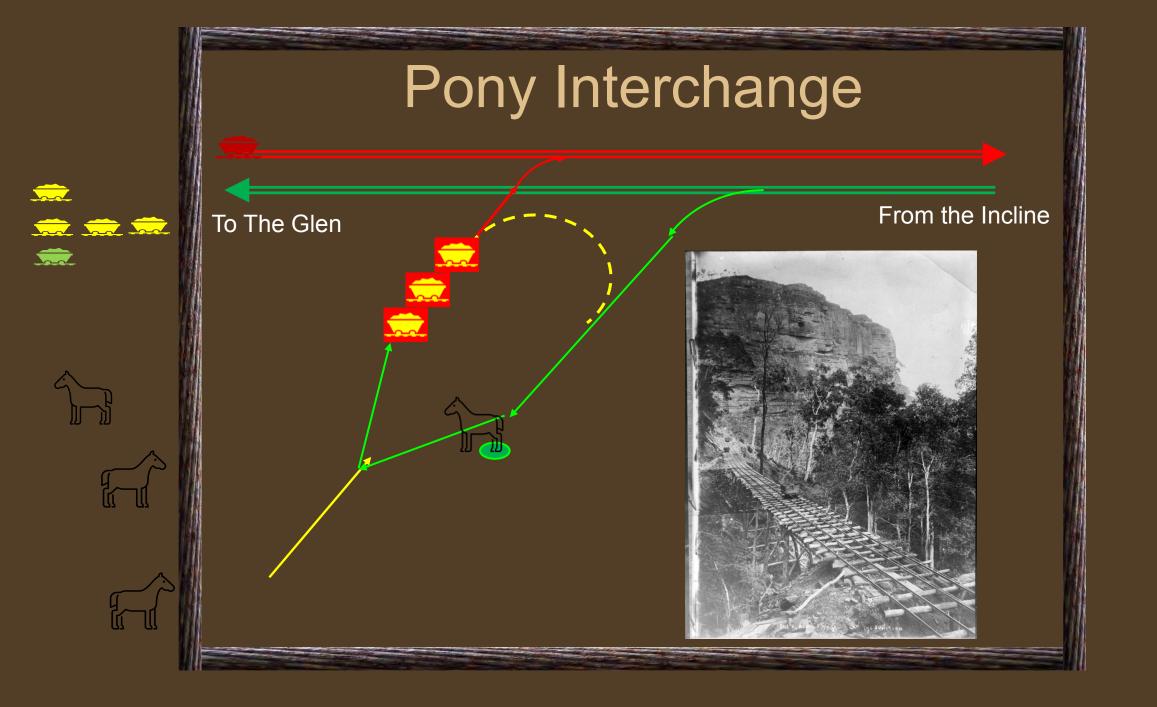


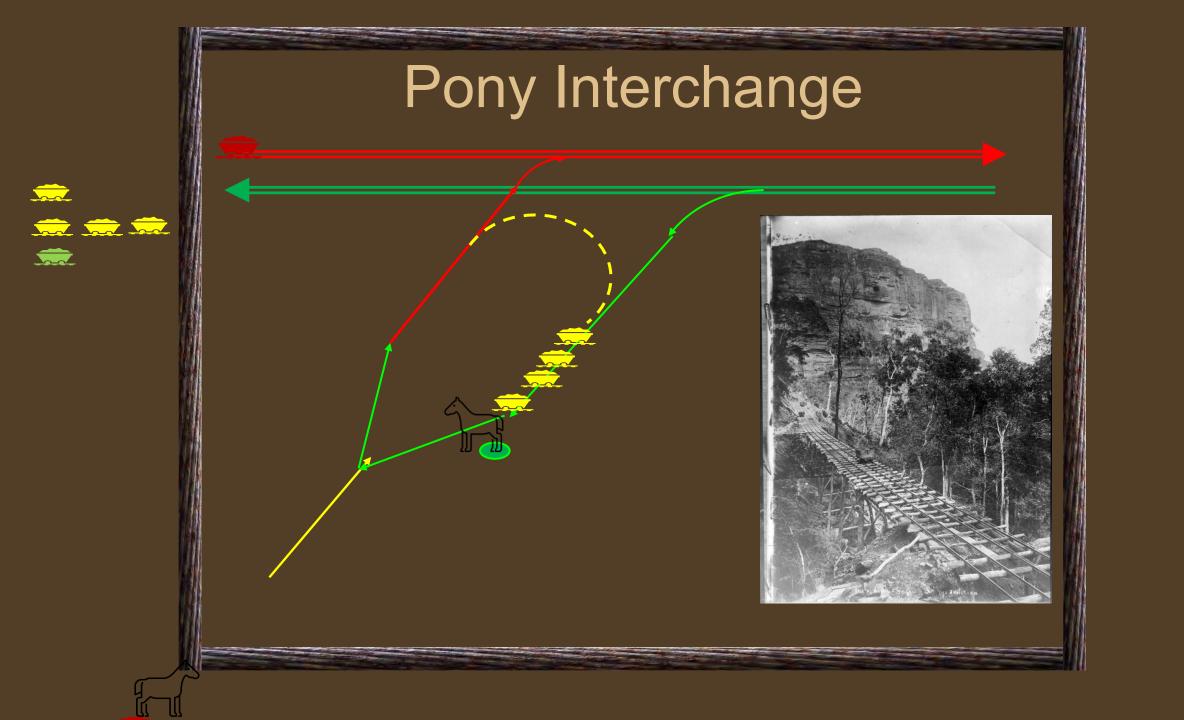


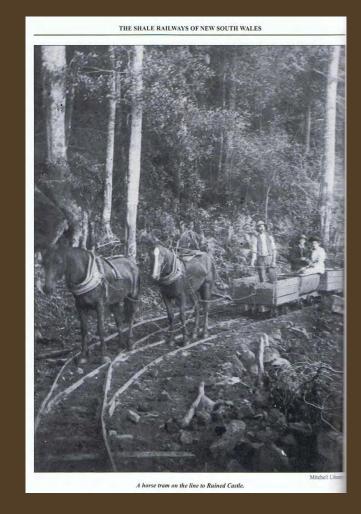
This photo tells us that we have two ponies pulling 5 skips of shale – 2 iron and 3 wooden, about 2 tons of shale.











5 Skips delivered every ten minutes both import and export.
Distance to Ruin Castle mine 3.3kM
Pony speed 1M/s therefore in 10Min a rake of skips moves 600 Metres.
Therefore 3,300/600=5.5
5 of these bypass sidings are needed.
5 rakes travelling in each direction
Total of 20 ponies.
Total travel time = 55 minutes.

Some sort of staff system is needed for the single line traffic.

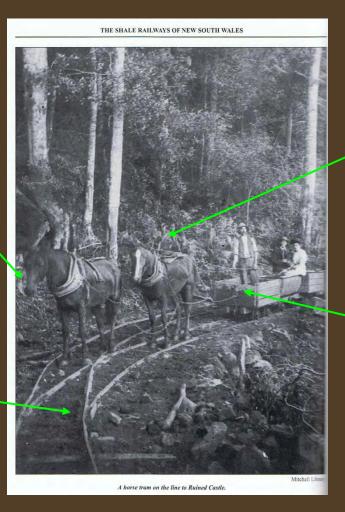


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Front pony has no bridle.

Note the spring points.



Reins go through horns on pony's collar.

Chain goes to ring high up on skip to prevent catching and jamming.

CLOSING DOWN

- AKO&M'S LEASE was for 94 years from 1st August 1890, yet in September of 1905, at a coal enquiry, Robert Saddington claimed that the lease expired on Sept 5th 1904. The lease is notated to have been surrendered on 13th Sept 1907.
- In 1896 AKO&M pulled out of Katoomba moving most of the plant to Capertee.
- In 1903 everything was re-established to remove thousands of tons of seconds from both Glen and Ruined Castle for export and sale to AGL.
 A bushfire in Jan 1905 burnt the top end of Hogan's Bridge of the Shoots Tram.
 By Jan 1906 all of AKO&M's equipment had been moved again to Capertee and Genowlan.

ALWAYS FINISH WITH A NICE SUNSET